CITY OF NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council of the City of Negaunee, Michigan P.O. Box 70 Negaunee, Michigan 49866

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Negaunee, Michigan (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Negaunee Housing Commission, which is both a component unit and 97 percent, 98 percent, and 90 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the component unit activities as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component unit activities, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and

To the City Council of the City of Negaunee, Michigan

for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Other Financial Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the Other Financial Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

June 29, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Negaunee, Michigan's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin as listed on the Table of Contents.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position for the City as a whole increased by \$1,672,874 as a result of this year's operations. Net position of our business-type activities increased by \$463,564, or 4 percent, and net position of our governmental activities increased by \$1,209,310, or 37 percent.
- During the year, the City had expenses for governmental activities of \$4,996,240 and generated \$6,205,550 in general revenues and other program sources, including transfers.
- During the year, the City had expenses for business-type activities of \$5,905,930 and generated \$6,369,494 in general revenues and other program sources, including transfers.
- The General Fund reported a net change in fund balance of \$382,510.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, as listed in the table of contents, provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start as listed on the table of contents. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins below. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all* assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements present financial information on all of the City's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's patron base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the *overall financial health* of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the following:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including
 the police, fire, public works and parks departments, and general administration. Property
 taxes, charges for services, and state sources fund most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's sewer, electric, and water systems and activities are reported here.
- Component Units The City includes two separate legal entities in its report The Negaunee Housing Commission and the Downtown Development Authority. Although legally separate, these "component units" are included because the City is financially accountable for it. Complete financial statements of the Negaunee Housing Commission component unit can be obtained directly from the Negaunee Housing Commission, 98 Croix Street, Negaunee, MI 49866. The Downtown Development Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on the pages below. The fund financial statements begin as listed in the table of contents and provide detailed information on the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds - *governmental* and *proprietary* - use different accounting approaches.

• Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation which follows the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

The City as Trustee

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that – because of a trust arrangement – can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as listed on the table of contents.

We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The City as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Table 1
Net Position

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Current and other assets	\$6,201,956	\$4,967,328	\$5,617,595	\$5,745,338	\$11,819,551	\$10,712,666		
Non-current assets	-	-	4,236,321	3,727,390	4,236,321	3,727,390		
Capital assets, net	5,349,996	5,592,477	16,012,685	16,268,468	21,362,681	21,860,945		
Total Assets	11,551,952	10,559,805	25,866,601	25,741,196	37,418,553	36,301,001		
Deferred outflows of resources	769,383	754,807	308,755	326,088	1,078,138	1,080,895		
Current and other liabilities	550,294	277,345	791,599	738,814	1,341,893	1,016,159		
Long-term liabilities	10,676,408	11,338,464	11,987,741	12,563,485	22,664,149	23,901,949		
Total Liabilities	11,226,702	11,615,809	12,779,340	13,302,299	24,006,042	24,918,108		
Deferred inflows of resources	3,131,354	2,944,834	237,723	70,256	3,369,077	3,015,090		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	5,140,527	5,222,779	10,636,449	10,747,385	15,776,976	15,970,164		
Restricted	1,225,858	798,394	3,311,282	2,869,667	4,537,140	3,668,061		
Unrestricted	(8,403,106)	(9,267,204)	(789,438)	(922,323)	(9,192,544)	(10,189,527)		
Total Net Position	(\$2,036,721)	(\$3,246,031)	\$13,158,293	\$12,694,729	\$11,121,572	\$9,448,698		

Net position of the City's governmental activities stood at (\$2,036,721). *Unrestricted* net position—the part of net position that could be used to finance day-to-day activities without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements stood at (\$8,403,106).

The (\$8,403,106) in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The net position of our business-type activities stood at \$13,158,293. The City can generally only use this net position to finance continuing operations of the water, sewer, and electrical utilities.

The results of this year's operations for the City as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities (see Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Table 2
Statement of Activities

	_	nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total P Gover	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$731,985	\$612,117	\$6,260,929	\$6,042,394	\$6,992,914	\$6,654,511
Operating grants and contributions	1,762,682	1,761,170	34,817	14,871	1,797,499	1,776,041
Capital grants and contributions	85,884	377,402	-	67,471	85,884	444,873
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	2,599,366	2,484,561	-	-	2,599,366	2,484,561
Unrestricted intergovernmental sources	636,655	543,828	-	-	636,655	543,828
Investment earnings	11,098	16,498	68,868	92,140	79,966	108,638
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets	-	-	-	3,712	-	3,712
Miscellaneous	327,880	201,815	54,880	22,245	382,760	224,060
Total Revenues	6,155,550	5,997,391	6,419,494	6,242,833	12,575,044	12,240,224
Program Expenses:						
Legislative	17,525	28,973	-	-	17,525	28,973
General government	1,043,624	877,367	-	-	1,043,624	877,367
Public health and safety	1,000,710	804,095	-	-	1,000,710	804,095
Public works	2,104,420	1,946,166	-	-	2,104,420	1,946,166
Community and economic development	68,580	60,583	-	-	68,580	60,583
Recreation and culture	381,748	587,766	-	-	381,748	587,766
Senior center	247,902	305,432	-	-	247,902	305,432
Interest on long-term debt	12,136	6,550	-	-	12,136	6,550
Capital Outlay	119,595	196,790	-	-	119,595	196,790
Sewer	-	-	1,298,215	1,101,756	1,298,215	1,101,756
Electric	-	-	3,359,336	2,959,882	3,359,336	2,959,882
Water	-		1,248,379	1,211,440	1,248,379	1,211,440
Total Expenses	4,996,240	4,813,722	5,905,930	5,273,078	10,902,170	10,086,800
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	1,159,310	1,183,669	513,564	969,755	1,672,874	2,153,424
Transfers	50,000	50,000	(50,000)	(50,000)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in						
net position	1,209,310	1,233,669	463,564	919,755	1,672,874	2,153,424
·						
Net Position, beginning	(3,246,031)	(4,479,700)	12,694,729	11,774,974	9,448,698	7,295,274
Net Position, Ending	(\$2,036,721)	(\$3,246,031)	\$13,158,293	\$12,694,729	\$11,121,572	\$9,448,698

The City's total revenues were \$12,575,044. The total cost of all programs and services was \$10,902,170, leaving an increase in net position of \$1,672,874. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities:

Governmental Activities

The net position of the governmental activities increased \$1,209,310. The net increase is due mainly the following factors:

- Overall change in fund balance of \$928,114
- Capital outlay of \$114,106
- Depreciation expense of (\$356,587)
- Net book value of disposed assets \$-
- Proceeds from the issuance of debt of \$-
- Repayment of bond/note principal of \$160,229
- Pension expense related to MERS of (\$29,577)
- Pension expense related to Police of (\$18,367)
- OPEB expense of \$417,208
- Change in compensated absences of (\$5,816)

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the three largest programs, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that each program placed on the City's operation.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities							
	Total Cost	Net Cost					
	of Services	of Services					
General government	\$1,043,624	\$853,099					
Public health and safety	1,000,710	986,984					
Public works	2,104,420	227,027					

Business-type Activities

The net position of the business-type activities increased \$463,564. The net increase is mainly the result of decreased expenses in the current year in the Sewer, Electric and Water Funds.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the governmental funds balance sheet as listed on the table of contents) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$3,269,498, an increase of \$928,114 from the beginning of the year.

The total increase of \$928,114 consists primarily of an increase in the General Fund of \$382,510 combined with an increase in the Major Street Fund of \$383,365, an increase in the Local Street Fund of \$119,252, and a net increase in other governmental funds of \$42,987.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the budget a few times.

The final amended budget for General Fund revenues was \$95,745 more compared to the originally adopted budget; however, actual revenues were \$54,887 more than the final budget. State sources were one of the main areas in which budgeted revenues were significantly more than the final budget; by \$108,160. Charges for services was another one of the main areas in which budgeted revenues were significantly more than the final budget; by \$32,963. Additionally, actual transfers in were almost the same as the budgeted amount.

Conversely, the final amended budget for General Fund expenditures increased by \$188,050; however, actual expenditures were \$329,321 less than the final budget. The area most under budget was the Garage and Equipment Department under Public Works. Additionally, actual transfers out were the same as the budgeted amount.

The original budgeted change in fund balance was an increase of \$254. The final budgeted change in fund balance was an increase of \$254. The actual change in fund balance was an increase of \$382,510.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the City had \$21,362,681 invested in a variety of capital assets including land, buildings, and other equipment. (See Table 4 below)

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)

2021											
	Business-										
Governmental	Type										
Activities	Activities	Total	Total								
\$1,071,126	\$52,200	\$1,123,326	\$1,123,326								
1,079,223	682,827	1,762,050	1,274,604								
597,035	-	597,035	632,373								
694,654	-	694,654	748,868								
751,240	-	751,240	911,005								
1,156,718	-	1,156,718	1,258,038								
-	8,778,935	8,778,935	9,079,640								
-	986,579	986,579	1,034,050								
	5,512,144	5,512,144	5,799,041								
\$5,349,996	\$16,012,685	\$21,362,681	\$21,860,945								
	Activities \$1,071,126 1,079,223 597,035 694,654 751,240 1,156,718	Governmental Activities Business- Type Activities \$1,071,126 \$52,200 1,079,223 682,827 597,035 - 694,654 - 751,240 - 1,156,718 - - 8,778,935 - 986,579 - 5,512,144	Governmental Activities Type Activities Total \$1,071,126 \$52,200 \$1,123,326 1,079,223 682,827 1,762,050 597,035 - 597,035 694,654 - 694,654 751,240 - 751,240 1,156,718 - 1,156,718 - 8,778,935 8,778,935 - 986,579 986,579 - 5,512,144 5,512,144								

During the year, the City continued a USDA Wastewater Improvement Project, started a Sewer Improvement Project on Buffalo Road, purchased a new water heater, purchased two new vehicles, started a Substation Project, completed a Lighting Project on the Iron Ore Heritage Trail, continued engineering for Phase 1 of a Water Project, started a DWAM Project, continued the Senior Center MEDC Project, continued work on the Jackson Mine Park Pavilion Project, and started a Teal Lake Improvement Project.

During the year, the City did not have any fixed asset disposals.

Further details on capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$5,697,134 in bonds, notes and capital lease obligations outstanding as depicted in Table 5 below.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year-end

	_	2021		2020						
	Governmental	Business-Type								
	Activities	Activities	Total	Total						
Bonds	\$-	\$5,411,000	\$5,411,000	\$5,554,000						
Lease payable	209,469	76,665	286,134	466,781						
Contracts and notes payable	-	-	-	-						
Totals	\$209,469	\$5,487,665	\$5,697,134	\$6,020,781						

During the current year, the City did not enter into any new lease agreements or bonds. Principal payments in the current amounted to \$160,229 in the governmental activities and \$163,418 in the business-type activities. Further details on long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2022 budget.

Communities throughout Michigan are struggling to find ways to provide appropriate services to residents, businesses, and visitors. The City is like most communities which has experienced transitional difficulties as traditional sources of revenues from local property taxes and State shared revenues from the income tax, sales tax, and motor fuel tax have not kept pace with cost increases.

The housing market has a significant impact on the City's revenues as the State and local region continues to experience fluctuation in property tax revenues due to changes in the market. Increased revenues due to the housing market and lower market interest rates are not the only factors affecting the City's health; increased costs due to higher health insurance premiums, retirement cost, retiree health insurance, and fuel cost continue to rise much faster than the rate of inflation.

One area to explore for achieving cost savings is through cooperation and sharing of resources with other governmental units and not-for-profit agencies. Joint ventures with other governmental agencies in purchasing, the pooling of resources and in providing services in an effort to save on costs will continue to be pursued by the City. The Cities of Ishpeming and Negaunee began to explore areas of cooperative development and other potential shared interests including public safety, joint operation and development of park property north of Teal Lake, shared use of wastewater facilities, and joint purchase of specialized equipment.

The City has deferred expenditures for capital maintenance and improvement projects. However, maintenance cost related to the aging, inefficient City structures will continue to increase. "Band aides" have been put on many of the City's structures numerous times. Monies are once again being budgeted to fund future capital projects. Also, in relation to these endeavors, the City continues to search for grants from local, state, and federal agencies to assist with the funding of these projects.

Changes while necessary will not come easily. Duties performed by employees may change along with services provided to residents. Continued support from the City's collective bargaining units is essential to assisting the City during its financial hardship. Communicating the issues and challenges inherent in providing quality municipal services in ways which are meaningful and understandable to all residents has increasingly become important to develop the support necessary to implement difficult choices, which are required to be made. Outreach and understanding to employees, and residents can help to ease the difficult choices which lie ahead.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Manager at City of Negaunee, P.O. Box 70, Negaunee, Michigan, 49866.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

	Primary Government							
		vernmental	Bus	siness-Type			С	omponent
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total		Units
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,433,589	\$	4,980,788	\$	8,414,377	\$	1,096,855
Investments Receivables (net)		2,753,416		622,557		3,375,973		228,526 55,266
Internal balances		2,733,410		-		-		-
Other current assets		-		-		-		-
Prepaid and other assets		14,951		14,250		29,201		25,320
Non-current Assets: Restricted cash		_		3,354,367		3,354,367		27,796
Investment in UPPPA Electric Utility		-		338,079		338,079		21,190
Investment in Joint Water Authority		-		543,875		543,875		-
Capital Assets:		0.450.040						40 700
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net		2,150,349		735,027		2,885,376		18,720 605,982
Total Capital Assets		3,199,647 5,349,996		15,277,658 16,012,685		18,477,305 21,362,681		624,702
Total Suprial / 1888/18		0,010,000		.0,0.2,000		21,002,001		02 1,1 02
TOTAL ASSETS		11,551,952		25,866,601		37,418,553		2,058,465
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts on refunding		-		111,429		111,429		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pension		769,383		197,326		966,709		10,961
Employer pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		709,303		197,320		900,709		58,225
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		769,383		308,755		1,078,138		69,186
LIABULTICO								
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		223,664		344,285		567,949		41,850
Accrued liabilities		82,318		52,969		135,287		28,775
Other current liabilities				394,345		394,345		27,796
Unearned revenue		244,312		-		244,312		3,164
Non-current Liabilities: Portion due or payable within one year								
Contracts and notes payable		26,813		21,559		48,372		-
Bonds payable		-		293,000		293,000		-
Compensated absences		-		-		-		61,121
Portion due or payable after one year Contracts and notes payable		182,656		55,106		237,762		
Bonds payable		102,030		5,118,000		5,118,000		-
Compensated absences		127,767		36,582		164,349		9,047
Net OPEB liability		6,009,755		4,006,504		10,016,259		
Net pension liability		4,329,417		2,456,990		6,786,407		218,551
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,226,702		12,779,340		24,006,042		390,304
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Taxes levied for a subsequent period		2,382,164		-		2,382,164		22,085
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		.				-		.
Deferred inflows related to pension		749,190		237,723		986,913		7,118
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,131,354		237,723		3,369,077		29,203
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		5,140,527		10,636,449		15,776,976		624,702
Restricted for:				2 200 704		2 200 704		
Capital improvement Debt service		-		2,396,781 914,501		2,396,781 914,501		-
Other		1,225,858		-		1,225,858		-
Unrestricted		(8,403,106)		(789,438)		(9,192,544)		1,083,442
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(2,036,721)	\$	13,158,293	\$	11,121,572	\$	1,708,144

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Program Revenues					Net (Exp	Position																																																																																											
Function / Programs									P																																																																																											
		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		harges for Services	G	Operating Grants and ontributions	Gr	Capital rants and ntributions	vernmental activities		usiness- Type ctivities	Total
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: Legislative General government Public health and safety Public works	\$	17,525 1,043,624 1,000,710 2,104,420	\$	171,717 4,209 445,299	\$	18,808 9,517 1,432,094	\$: : :	\$ (17,525) (853,099) (986,984) (227,027)	\$	- - -	\$ (17,525) (853,099) (986,984) (227,027)	\$: : :																																																																																						
Community and economic development Recreation and culture Senior center Interest on long-term debt Capital outlay		68,580 381,748 247,902 12,136 119,595		110,760		28,170 274,093 -		85,884 - -	 (68,580) (242,818) 112,075 (12,136) (119,595)		- - - -	(68,580) (242,818) 112,075 (12,136) (119,595)		- - - -																																																																																						
Total Governmental Activities		4,996,240		731,985		1,762,682		85,884	(2,415,689)			(2,415,689)																																																																																								
Business-Type Activities: Sewer Electric Water		1,298,215 3,359,336 1,248,379		1,497,744 3,380,875 1,382,310		11,702 23,115		- - -	 - - -		199,529 33,241 157,046	199,529 33,241 157,046		- - -																																																																																						
Total Business-Type Activities		5,905,930		6,260,929		34,817					389,816	389,816																																																																																								
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	10,902,170	\$	6,992,914	\$	1,797,499	\$	85,884	 (2,415,689)		389,816	(2,025,873)																																																																																								
Component Units: Negaunee Housing Commission Downtown Development Authority	\$	504,323 37,775	\$	325,386	\$	94,223 53,300	\$	148,153 -	 - -		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		63,439 15,525																																																																																						
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$	542,098	\$	325,386	\$	147,523	\$	148,153	-		-	-		78,964																																																																																						
			General Revenues: Property taxes Unrestricted intergovernmental sources Interest and investment earnings Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Miscellaneous Transfers					2,599,366 636,655 11,098 - 327,880 50,000		- 68,868 - 54,880 (50,000)	2,599,366 636,655 79,966 - 382,760		11,814 - 2,879 (914) 730																																																																																							
				TOTAL GE	NER	AL REVENU	ES, TF	RANSFERS	 3,624,999		73,748	3,698,747		14,509																																																																																						
						CHANGE II	N NET	POSITION	1,209,310		463,564	1,672,874		93,473																																																																																						
			Net	position, beg	innin	g of year			 (3,246,031)	1	2,694,729	9,448,698		1,614,671																																																																																						
					N	IET POSITIO	N, END	O OF YEAR	\$ (2,036,721)	\$ 1	3,158,293	\$ 11,121,572	\$	1,708,144																																																																																						

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Major Street Fund	 Local Street Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable Other grants receivable	\$ 1,428,909 134,472 1,905,275	\$ 660,452	\$ 193,327	\$	1,150,901 - 476,889	\$	3,433,589 134,472 2,382,164
Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expense	108,010 - 14,951	91,813 - -	36,957 - -		- - -		236,780 - 14,951
TOTAL ASSETS	3,591,617	752,265	 230,284		1,627,790		6,201,956
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 	 -	 				
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 3,591,617	\$ 752,265	\$ 230,284	\$	1,627,790	\$	6,201,956
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries Compensated absences	\$ 216,008 65,581	\$ - 5,813 -	\$ - 4,842 -	\$	7,656 6,082	\$	223,664 82,318
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	- 244,312	-	 - -		<u>-</u>		244,312
TOTAL LIABILITIES	525,901	5,813	4,842		13,738		550,294
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes levied for a subsequent period	1,905,275	 -	<u> </u>		476,889		2,382,164
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 1,905,275	 -	 <u>-</u>		476,889		2,382,164
FUND BALANCE Non-spendable Restricted Committed	14,951 - -	529,347	-		115,935 565,625 5,000		130,886 1,094,972 5,000
Assigned Unassigned	 1,145,490	217,105	 225,442		450,603		893,150 1,145,490
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 1,160,441	 746,452	 225,442		1,137,163		3,269,498
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,591,617	\$ 752,265	\$ 230,284	\$	1,627,790	\$	6,201,956

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$	3,269,498
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		5,349,996
Net pension liability, and related deferred (outflows)/inflows of resources, is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds. Net pension liability		
Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System \$ 3,671,0 Policeman Retirement System 658,3		
Deferred (outflows) of resources related to net pension liability Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System Policeman Retirement System Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date (221,6 (547,6)	,	
Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System Policeman Retirement System	-	
Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System 253,6 Policeman Retirement System 495,5		(4,309,224)
Net OPEB liability, and related deferred (outflows)/inflows of resources, is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds. Net OPEB liability 6,009,7	55	
Deferred (outflows) of resources related to net OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources related to net OPEB liability	<u>-</u>	(6,009,755)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Current portion of loans payable 26,8 Compensated absences 127,7 Long-term loans payable 182,6	67	(337,236)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVIT	IES \$	5 (2,036,721)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					<u> </u>
Federal sources	\$ 95,401	\$ -	\$ -	2,621	\$ 98,022
State sources	668,715	656,251	316,779	6,640	1,648,385
Property taxes	2,129,125	-	-	470,241	2,599,366
Licenses and permits	106	-	-	-	106
Service charges	731,880	-	-	-	731,880
Contributions	459,063	-	-	277,272	736,335
Investment income	7,331	2,273	546	948	11,098
Other revenues	182,447	80,290		67,621	330,358
TOTAL REVENUES	4,274,068	738,814	317,325	825,343	6,155,550
EXPENDITURES:					
Current Operations:					
Legislative	17,525	-	-	-	17,525
General government	511,427	-	-	-	511,427
Public health and safety	924,944	-	-	5,350	930,294
Public works	1,146,121	355,449	298,073	81,127	1,880,770
Community and economic development	68,580	-	-	-	68,580
Recreation and culture	349,763	-	-	12,457	362,220
Senior center	-	-	-	340,891	340,891
Other governmental	811,862	-	-	61,907	873,769
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	160,229	160,229
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	12,136	12,136
Capital outlay	66,666			52,929	119,595
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,896,888	355,449	298,073	727,026	5,277,436
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		383.365	19.252	98,317	070 444
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	377,100	303,303	19,252	90,317	878,114
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing					
Transfers in	105,330	_	100,000	50,000	255,330
Transfers (out)	(100.000)	_	100,000	(105,330)	(205,330)
Transiers (out)	(100,000)	· 	· 	(100,000)	(200,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	5,000		400.000	(55,000)	50,000
SOURCES (USES)	5,330	·	100,000	(55,330)	50,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	382,510	383,365	119,252	42,987	928,114
Fund balance, beginning of year	777,931	363,087	106,190	1,094,176	2,341,384
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,160,441	\$ 746,452	\$ 225,442	\$ 1,137,163	\$ 3,269,498

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 928,114
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays Depreciation expense Net book value of disposed assets September 114,106 (356,587)	(242,481)
Proceeds from debt issues are an other financing source in the governmental funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	-
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	160,229
Net pension liability and net OPEB liability reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Pension liability expense - MERS Pension liability expense - Police Retirement OPEB expense	(29,577) (18,367) 417,208
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences	 (5,816)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,209,310

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

Business-Type Activities

	Enterprise Funds							
					Water			
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	983,157	\$	2,779,614	\$	1,218,017	\$	4,980,788
Accounts receivable		119,802		241,300		106,755		467,857
Allowance for uncollectible accounts Grants receivable		(3,300)		(9,700)		(4,300)		(17,300)
Due from other governmental units		-		172,000		-		172,000
Prepaid expense		_		14,250		_		14,250
Non-current Assets:				,				,
Restricted cash		1,484,763		700,000		1,169,604		3,354,367
Investment in UPPPA Electric Utility		-		338,079		-		338,079
Investment in Joint Water Authority		-		-		543,875		543,875
Capital Assets:		240.000		20.404		404 745		705.007
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net		219,908 8,778,935		20,404 986,579		494,715 5,512,144		735,027 15,277,658
Total Capital Assets		8,998,843		1,006,983		6,006,859		16,012,685
Total Sapital / tosets		0,000,040		1,000,000		0,000,000		10,012,000
TOTAL ASSETS		11,583,265		5,242,526		9,040,810		25,866,601
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts on refunding		111,429		_		_		111,429
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		-		-		-		-
Deferred outflows related to pension		43,606		102,728		50,992		197,326
Employer pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		-		-		-		-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		155,035		102,728		50,992		308,755
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		41,847		245,221		57,217		344,285
Due to other funds		,		0,		-		-
Accrued liabilities		22,263		-		10,185		32,448
Accrued salaries		4,086		13,618		2,817		20,521
Customer deposits payable		-		394,345		-		394,345
Non-current Liabilities:								
Portion due or payable within one year		212 000				91 000		202.000
Bonds payable Notes payable		212,000		21,559		81,000		293,000 21,559
Compensated absences		_		21,555		_		21,000
Portion due or payable after one year								
Bonds payable		3,841,000		-		1,277,000		5,118,000
Notes payable		-		55,106		-		55,106
Compensated absences		6,932		20,546		9,104		36,582
Net OPEB liability		1,802,927		1,802,927		400,650		4,006,504
Net pension liability		447,335	_	1,371,507	_	638,148	_	2,456,990
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,378,390		3,924,829		2,476,121		12,779,340
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		-		-		-		-
Deferred inflows related to pension		61,989		112,120		63,614		237,723
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		61,989		112,120		63,614		237,723
. O.M.E DEL ERRED HAI EON OF REGORDED	-	01,000		112,120	-	55,517		201,120
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		5,057,272		930,318		4,648,859		10,636,449
Restricted for:								
Capital improvement		816,932		700,000		879,849		2,396,781
Debt service Unrestricted		777,803		(333.043)		136,698		914,501
Onesmoleu		(1,354,086)	_	(322,013)		886,661	_	(789,438)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	5,297,921	\$	1,308,305	\$	6,552,067	\$	13,158,293

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,465,820	\$ 3,352,722	\$ 1,318,921	\$ 6,137,463
Other operating revenue	31,924	28,153	63,389	123,466
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,497,744	3,380,875	1,382,310	6,260,929
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Power and pumping	-	-	3,095	3,095
Transmission and distribution	-	656,646	305,681	962,327
Customer accounting and collection	52,909	116,626	54,159	223,694
Administrative and general	565,607	387,512	540,342	1,493,461
Sewage, sanitary and storm sewers	263,335	-	-	263,335
Wastewater treatment plant	928	-	-	928
Services purchased	-	2,083,294	-	2,083,294
Water meters	-	-	11,208	11,208
Provision for depreciation	321,184	110,372	305,591	737,147
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,203,963	3,354,450	1,220,076	5,778,489
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	293,781	26,425	162,234	482,440
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Investment income	6,277	52,476	10,115	68,868
Penalties on delinquent accounts	8,502	39,247	7,131	54,880
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets	0,002	-	7,101	34,000
Interest expense on bonds	(94,252)	(4,886)	(28,303)	(127,441)
TOTAL NONOPERATING	(70.470)		(44.0==)	(0.000)
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(79,473)	86,837	(11,057)	(3,693)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL				
CONTRIBUTION AND TRANSFERS	214,308	113,262	151,177	478,747
Capital contribution	-	11,702	23,115	34,817
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)		(50,000)		(50,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	214,308	74,964	174,292	463,564
Net position, beginning of year	5,083,613	1,233,341	6,377,775	12,694,729
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 5,297,921	\$ 1,308,305	\$ 6,552,067	\$ 13,158,293

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				
	Sewer	Electric	Water		
CARLEL ON CERCIA ORERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	¢ 4 522 200	¢ 2 204 200	\$ 1,325,239	¢ 6 000 00E	
Net cash received from fees and charges for services Other operating revenues	\$ 1,532,298 31,924	\$ 3,381,288 28,153	63,389	\$ 6,238,825 123,466	
Cash payments to employees for services	(267,171)	(473,066)	(214,982)	(955,219)	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(723,870)	(2,853,003)	(716,812)	(4,293,685)	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	573,181	83,372	456,834	1,113,387	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payments (to) from other funds	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	
Increase in due to other funds	-	-	-	-	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(50,000)		(50,000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from borrowing	-	-	-	-	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(145,952)	(83,305)	(252,107)	(481,364)	
Net book value of assets disposed of	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital contributions received	-	44 700	-	- 24 047	
Principal payment on long-term bonds and notes payable	(65,000)	11,702 (20,418)	23,115 (78,000)	34,817 (163,418)	
Interest paid on long-term bonds and notes payable	(75,681)	(4,886)	(28,303)	(108,870)	
Penalties on delinquent accounts	8,502	39,247	7,131	54,880	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL					
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(278,131)	(57,660)	(328,164)	(663,955)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: (Increase) decrease in investment in UPPPA Electric Utility	_	_	_	-	
Investment income	6,277	52,476	10,115	68,868	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	6,277	52,476	10,115	68,868	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	301,327	28,188	138,785	468,300	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,166,593	3,451,426	2,248,836	7,866,855	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,467,920	\$ 3,479,614	\$ 2,387,621	\$ 8,335,155	
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 983,157 1,484,763	\$ 2,779,614 700.000	\$ 1,218,017 1,169,604	\$ 4,980,788 3,354,367	
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,101,700	700,000	1,100,001	0,001,001	
PER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$ 2,467,920	\$ 3,479,614	\$ 2,387,621	\$ 8,335,155	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	\$ 293,781	\$ 26,425	\$ 162,234	\$ 482,440	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:	321,184	110,372	305,591	737,147	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net	66,478	28,566	6,318	101,362	
(Increase) decrease in grants receivable	-		-	-	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	7.005	(14,250)	-	(14,250)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	7,295 (460)	23,471	5,550 (2,260)	36,316 (2,720)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll liabilities	3,133	6,898	(815)	9,216	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits payable	-	11,550	-	11,550	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability and related	(125,162)	(125,162)	(27,814)	(278,138)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related	6,932	15,502	8,030	30,464	
NET ADJUSTMENTS	279,400	56,947	294,600	630,947	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 573,181	\$ 83,372	\$ 456,834	\$ 1,113,387	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

	Trus	PensionTrust Fund		Custodial Fund	
	Pe	olice nsion st Fund		Tax collection Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	_	\$	1,607,061	\$1,607,061
Investments		5,218,767	Ψ	-	5,218,767
TOTAL ASSETS	5	5,218,767		1,607,061	6,825,828
LIABILITIES Due to local governments				1,607,061	1,607,061
TOTAL LIABILITIES				1,607,061	1,607,061
NET POSITION Restricted for:					
Pension benefits Other governments	5	5,218,767 <u>-</u>		- -	5,218,767
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5	5,218,767	\$		\$5,218,767

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Pension Trust Fund Police Pension Trust Fund	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund	Total
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 123,738	\$ -	\$ 123,738
Employee Total Contributions	13,903		13,903
Total Contributions	137,641		137,641
Investment Income:			
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	582,198	-	582,198
Interest and dividends	-	-	-
Administrative expense	(11,995)		(11,995)
Net Investment Income (Loss)	570,203		570,203
Other Additions:			
Property tax collections for other governments		2 056 526	2.056.526
Total Other Additions		2,956,536 2,956,536	2,956,536 2,956,536
Total Other Additions		2,000,000	2,330,330
TOTAL ADDITIONS	707,844	2,956,536	3,664,380
			
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefits and annuity withdrawals	340,658	-	340,658
Payments of property taxes to other governments		2,956,536	2,956,536
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	340,658	2,956,536	3,297,194
TOTAL DEDOCTIONS	040,000	2,000,000	0,207,104
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	367,186	-	367,186
Net position, beginning of year	4,851,581		4,851,581
NET DOUTION END OF VEAD	Ф БО40 707	Φ.	Ф годо 7 07
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 5,218,767	\$ -	\$ 5,218,767

COMPONENT UNITS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

ASSETS	Negaunee Housing Commission	Downtown Development Authority	Total
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expense	\$ 1,066,860 228,526 33,181 16,792	\$ 29,995 - 22,085	\$ 1,096,855 228,526 55,266 16,792
Inventories Non-current Assets: Restricted cash Capital Assets:	8,528 27,796	-	8,528 27,796
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net Total Capital Assets	18,720 605,982 624,702	- - -	18,720 605,982 624,702
TOTAL ASSETS	2,006,385	52,080	2,058,465
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension Employer pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	10,961 58,225		10,961 58,225
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	69,186	<u> </u>	69,186
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Tenant security deposits Unearned revenue Non-current Liabilities: Portion due or payable within one year Compensated absences Portion due or payable after one year Compensated absences Net pension liability	39,194 28,775 27,796 3,164 61,121 9,047 218,551	2,656	41,850 28,775 27,796 3,164 61,121 9,047 218,551
TOTAL LIABILITIES	387,648	2,656	390,304
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Taxes levied for a subsequent period Deferred inflows related to pension	- 7,118	22,085	22,085 7,118
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	7,118	22,085	29,203
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	624,702 - 1,056,103	- - 27,339	624,702 - 1,083,442
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,680,805	\$ 27,339	\$ 1,708,144

COMPONENT UNITS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Program Revenues			Net (E	xpense) Re	venue ar	nd Chang	es in	Net Positio		
Function / Programs	E	xpenses		narges for Services	Gr	perating ants and atributions	Gr	Capital ants and stributions	н	egaunee lousing nmission	Develo	ntown opment nority		Total
Component Units: Negaunee Housing Commission Downtown Development Authority	\$	504,323 37,775	\$	325,386	\$	94,223 53,300	\$	148,153 -		63,439		- 15,525		63,439 15,525
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$	542,098	\$	325,386	\$	147,523	\$	148,153		63,439		15,525		78,964
			General Revenues: Property taxes Interest and investment earnings Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Miscellaneous				2,879 (914) 730		11,814 - - -		11,814 2,879 (914) 730			
					TC	TAL GENE	RAL R	EVENUES		2,695		11,814		14,509
						CHANGE IN	NET	POSITION		66,134		27,339		93,473
			Net	position, beg	inning	of year				1,614,671				1,614,671
					NE	T POSITION	I, END	OF YEAR	\$	1,680,805	\$	27,339	\$	1,708,144

CITY OF NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies of the City of Negaunee, Michigan (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to local governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

REPORTING ENTITY

The City adopted a charter in accordance with the laws of the State of Michigan in 1950 and operates under a Council-Manager form of municipal government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City (the primary government). Certain other governmental organizations are considered to be part of the City entity for financial reporting purposes. The criteria established for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity's financial statements include oversight responsibility, scope of public service, and special financing relationships. On this basis, the financial statements of the Negaunee Housing Commission and the Downtown Development Authority are included as discretely presented component units of the City and the Negaunee Public Schools are not included in the financial statements of the City. A complete financial statement of the Negaunee Housing Commission component unit can be obtained directly from the Negaunee Housing Commission, 98 Croix Street, Negaunee, MI 49866. The Downtown Development Authority component unit does not issue separate financial statements.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, public works, culture and recreation and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's sewer, electric, and water services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The City uses the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund and, accordingly, it is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Permanent Funds – Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the City pursuant to a trust agreement. The principle portion of this fund type must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to business in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The tax collection fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The Police Pension Trust Fund is a pension trust fund in nature.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type, pension trust fund and custodial. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Major Funds:

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Non-major funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34, as amended, sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Major Street Fund** accounts for the receipt of allocated state shared gas and weight tax. The expenditure of these funds is restricted to Federal and State trunklines and certain "mile" roads designated as major under contractual agreement with the State of Michigan.

The **Local Street Fund** accounts for the receipt of allocated state shared gas and weight tax. The expenditure of these funds is restricted to remaining City roads.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Sewer Fund** accounts for the activities related to sanitary sewer operation and booster stations and billing for services.

The **Electric Fund** accounts for the activities related to electric transmission and distribution and billing for services.

The **Water Fund** accounts for the activities related to water treatment and distribution and billing for services.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All enterprise funds apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Unbilled water, sewer, and electric services are accrued as revenue in the Water, Sewer and Electric Funds based upon estimated consumption at year-end.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include payments in lieu of taxes, state and federal sources, and intergovernmental revenues. Other revenue sources such as licenses, permits, charges for services, sales, fees, fines, rentals, and other are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred with certain exceptions such as interest on long-term debt, compensated absences and claims and judgments which are generally recognized when payment is due.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In September, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year commencing January 1 in accordance with the City Charter. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Prior to its adoption, a public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The final budget shall be adopted by resolution passed by the affirmative votes of at least a majority of the Council present at the regular meeting in November.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund and all special revenue funds. The budgets for the capital projects and enterprise funds are informational summaries only and are not covered under the City's General Appropriations Act or the State's Public Act 621.

- 5. The City Council has the authority to amend the budget when it becomes apparent that deviations in the original budget will occur and the amount of the deviation can be determined. Once originally adopted, the budget was formally amended during the fiscal year.
- 6. The legally adopted budgets and informational budget summaries for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to each fund's method of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. For the purpose of the cash flow statements, the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of one year or less and all certificates of deposit to be cash equivalents. The fair value measurement of investments is based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, which has three levels based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory costs are recorded as expenditures when incurred.

Interfund Activity

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, to provide services, construct assets and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of fiscal year end, balances of interfund accounts receivable or payable have been recorded and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Assets acquired by gift or bequest are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date of acquisition.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations in government-wide statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Accumulated depreciation is reported on government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	40-50 years
Equipment and machinery	5-20 years
Utility plant and system	16-40 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

GASB No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets placed in service after January 1, 2004. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges and traffic signals, etc. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The retroactive reporting of infrastructure is optional for the City under GASB No. 34 and the City has elected not to retroactively report infrastructure assets prior to January 1, 2004.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government reports the following in this category.

On the City's financial statements there is a deferred charge on refunding reported in the proprietary statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

On the City's financial statements, changes in assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, differences between expected and actual investment returns for the pension plans and/or OPEB plan create a deferred outflow of resources.

On the City's financial statements, the city's contributions made into the pension plan subsequent to the plan's fiscal year end creates a deferred outflow of resources.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using straight line amortization. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond insurance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources and bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt received, are reported as debt service.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government reports the following in this category.

On the City's financial statements, the governmental funds report unavailable revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

On the City's financial statements, deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements for property taxes levied during the year that were intended to finance future periods.

On the City's financial statements, changes in assumptions, differences between expected and actual experience, differences between expected and actual investment returns for the pension plans and/or OPEB plan create a deferred inflow of resources.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on December 1 based on the taxable value of property and collected by the City. Uncollected real property taxes are turned over for collection to Marquette County.

Property taxes levied are not recognized as revenue until the following year when they are considered "available" for use to finance current expenditures.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City because it is at present considered not necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and affect the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements. These estimates and assumptions also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 29, 2022, which is the date of the accompanying independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments for both the unrestricted and restricted assets for the primary government and its component units from the Statement of Net Position:

		Primary Government	Component Units	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash and cash ed	quivalents				
Unrestricted		\$8,414,377	\$1,096,855	\$1,607,061	\$11,118,293
Restricted		3,354,367	27,796	-	3,382,163
	Subtotal	11,768,744	1,124,651	1,607,061	14,500,456
Investments					
Unrestricted		-	228,526	5,218,767	5,447,293
Restricted					
	Subtotal		228,526	5,218,767	5,447,293
	Total	\$11,768,744	\$1,353,177	\$6,825,828	\$19,947,749

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State law does not require, and the City does not have, a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The carrying amounts of the primary government, component unit and fiduciary fund's deposits with financial institutions was \$14,500,456 and the bank balance was \$14,886,276. The bank balance is categorized as follows:

Amount insured by the FDIC		\$3,828,392
Amount uninsured and uncollateralized		11,057,884
	Total	\$14,886,276

Investments

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. *Recurring* fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of December 31, 2021, the City had the following investments:

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued):

		Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments	Fair Value	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs
Pension Trust Fund:				
Mutual Funds*	\$5,218,767	\$5,218,767	\$-	\$-
Subtotal	5,218,767	5,218,767		_
Component Unit:				
Certificate of Deposit*	228,526	228,526		
Subtotal	228,526	228,526		
TOTAL	\$5,447,293	\$5,447,293	<u>\$-</u>	\$-

- * Investment matures within one year
- ** Investment matures in 1-5 years
- *** Investment matures in 6-10 years

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the City's investments. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Michigan statutes (Act 196, PA 1997) authorize the City to invest in bonds, other direct obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, certificates of deposits, savings accounts, deposit accounts or receipts of a bank which is a member of the FDIC and authorized to operate in this state, commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures within 270 days from date of purchase, bankers' acceptances of the United States banks, obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions, external investment pools and certain mutual funds. Michigan law prohibits security in the form of collateral, surety bond, or another form for the deposit of public money.

Michigan statutes (Act 314, PA 1965, as amended) authorizes the pension trust to invest in stocks and mutual funds up to 60% of the system's assets, investments in the general or separate account of life insurance companies, fixed income securities, investments in leased real property, direct investments in property, investments in real estate loans, investments in small business or venture capital firms in Michigan, surplus funds pooled accounts, and bank or trust company collective investment funds, within certain restrictions. The Negaunee Police Retirement Board has the responsibility and authority to oversee the investment portfolio. Various professional investment managers are contracted to assist in managing the Policemen Retirement System's assets. All investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the Negaunee Police Retirement Board.

The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Ratings are not required for the City's investments as outlined above. The City's investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

NOTE C - RESTRICTED ASSETS:

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of debt proceeds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The City has also restricted for an emergency fund and/or capital acquisitions in the Sewer Fund, Electric Utility Fund, and Water Fund.

Assets restricted by applicable bond covenants and internal restrictions are as follows:

		December	31, 2021
		Required Balance	Actual Balance
l.	Construction accounts These accounts are used to receive loan/grant proceeds and pay construction costs. a. NONE	\$-	\$-
	Bond payment accounts		
	These accounts are required to be funded per bond issues. The fund shall be used solely for payment of principal and interest on the bonds as to which would otherwise be in default.		
	a. 2020 Water Supply Refunding Bond, $\frac{1}{2}$ of interest due on next payment and not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal		
	 due the next year b. 2020 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond, ½ of interest due on next payment and not less than ½ of the 	26,888	57,855
	principal due the next year c. 2012 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond, 4 months of	75,207	-
	interest and 4 months of principal in deposits	44,596	109,057
III.	These accounts are required to be funded per bond issues. The fund shall be used solely for payment of principal and interest on the bonds as to which would otherwise be in default. a. 2020 Water Supply Refunding Bond, lessor of		
	maximum debt service in any year or 125% of average debt service or 10% of amount refinanced b. 2020 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond, lesser of maximum debt service in any year or 125% of average	109,810	121,500
	debt service or 10% of amount refinanced c. 2012 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond, maximum	91,000	91,025
	\$163,000	146,700	130,440
IV.	Capital improvement accounts These accounts are required to be funded per bond. These funds are to be used for repairs, replacement, or improvements to the water system. If the amounts in the bond reserve accounts are not sufficient to pay on the bonds when due, these monies may be transferred for that purpose. a. 2020 Water Supply Refunding Bond, no reserve is		
	required b. 2012 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond \$46,700 per	-	110,400
	year	420,300	337,258

NOTE C - RESTRICTED ASSETS (Continued):

V. Operations and maintenance accounts

These accounts are required to be funded per bond issues. The fund shall be used solely for the operation and maintenance of the System.

- a. 2020 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond, sum sufficient to provide for payment of next quarter's expenses of administration and operation, no reserve is required
- b. 2012 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond, no reserve is required

831
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367

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NOTE D - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:

A summary of accounts receivable at December 31, 2021 is as follows:

			ı otal
	Governmental	Business-Type	Primary
	Activities	Activities	Government
Property taxes	\$2,382,164	\$-	\$2,382,164
Other	134,472	-	134,472
Due from other gov't	236,780	172,000	408,780
Utilities	-	450,557	450,557
Delinquent property taxes		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$2,753,416	\$622,557	\$3,375,973

Receivable balances have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements. Only receivables with allowances for uncollectible accounts as of yearend, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are presented below.

		Business-
	Governmental	Type
	Activities	Activities
Gross accounts receivable	\$2,754,016	\$639,857
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	(600)	(17,300)
Net receivable	\$2,753,416	\$622,557

NOTE E - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFER IN/OUT:

The amounts of interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

		DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS				
(0			Other			
IDS		General	Governmental	Business-Type	Total Due To	
25		Fund	Funds	Activities	Other Funds	
	General Fund	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
DUE T	Major Street Fund	-	-	-	-	
ᅵᅟᆸᇎ	Total Due From					
0	Other Funds	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	

All internal balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The transfers between funds for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

		TRANSFERS OUT TO OTHER FUNDS				
		General Fund	Major Special Revenue	Enterprise Funds	Other Gov'tl Funds	Total Transfers In
Σ	General Fund	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$105,330	\$105,330
TRANSFER IN FROM OTHER FUNDS	Major Street Fund	-	-	_	-	-
	Local Street Fund	100,000	-	_	-	100,000
	Other Gov'tl Funds	-	-	50,000	-	50,000
	Sewer Fund	-	-	_	-	-
	Electric Fund	-	-	_	-	-
80	Water Fund	-	-	-	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>
上	Total Transfers Out	\$100,000	\$-	\$50,000	\$105,330	\$255,330

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of the changes in governmental activities capital assets as of December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Capital assets not being depreciated: \$1,071,126 \$- \$- \$1,071,126 Construction in progress 971,067 108,156 - 1,079,223 Subtotal 2,042,193 108,156 - 2,150,349 Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements 823,748 - - 823,748 Buildings 6,227,233 - - 6,227,233 Building improvements 560,853 5,950 - 566,803 Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887)			Balance January 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2021
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements 823,748 - 2,042,193 - 2,2150,349	Capital assets not being depreciate	d:		_		
Construction in progress 971,067 108,156 - 1,079,223 Capital assets being depreciated: 2,042,193 108,156 - 2,150,349 Capital assets being depreciated: 823,748 - - 823,748 Buildings 6,227,233 - - 6,227,233 Building improvements 560,853 5,950 - 566,803 Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339)			\$1,071,126	\$-	\$-	\$1,071,126
Capital assets being depreciated: 823,748 - - 2,150,349 Buildings 6,227,233 - - 6,227,233 Building improvements 560,853 5,950 - 566,803 Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287) <td>Construction in progress</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	Construction in progress				-	
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements 823,748 - - 823,748 Buildings 6,227,233 - - 6,227,233 Building improvements 560,853 5,950 - 566,803 Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587)	. •	total			-	
Land improvements 823,748 - - 823,748 Buildings 6,227,233 - - 6,227,233 Building improvements 560,853 5,950 - 566,803 Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)						
Land improvements 823,748 - - 823,748 Buildings 6,227,233 - - 6,227,233 Building improvements 560,853 5,950 - 566,803 Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings 6,227,233 - - 6,227,233 Building improvements 560,853 5,950 - 566,803 Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)			823,748	-	-	823,748
Equipment and vehicles 4,029,579 - - 4,029,579 Infrastructure 2,406,571 - - 2,406,571 Subtotal 14,047,984 5,950 - 14,053,934 Total Capital Assets 16,090,177 114,106 - 16,204,283 Less accumulated depreciation: Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)			6,227,233	-	-	6,227,233
Infrastructure	Building improvements		560,853	5,950	-	566,803
Subtotal Total Capital Assets 14,047,984	Equipment and vehicles		4,029,579	-	-	4,029,579
Less accumulated depreciation: (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	Infrastructure		2,406,571	-	-	2,406,571
Less accumulated depreciation: (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Land Improvements (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	Sub	total	14,047,984	5,950	-	14,053,934
Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	Total Capital As	sets	16,090,177	114,106		16,204,283
Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)						
Land Improvements (191,375) (35,338) - (226,713) Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings (5,761,984) (30,277) - (5,792,261) Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	•		(191,375)	(35,338)	-	(226,713)
Building improvements (277,234) (29,887) - (307,121) Equipment and vehicles (3,118,574) (159,765) - (3,278,339) Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	•			, ,	-	
Infrastructure (1,148,533) (101,320) - (1,249,853) Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	Building improvements	`	(277,234)	(29,887)	-	(307,121)
Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	Equipment and vehicles	(3	,118,574)	(159,765)	-	(3,278,339)
Total Accumulated Depreciation (10,497,700) (356,587) - (10,854,287)	• •			, ,	-	
	Total Accumulated Depreciation					
	•				\$-	

Depreciation expense for the governmental activities was charged to the following functions and activities of the primary government:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$40,243
Public Health and Safety	52,049
Public Works	223,650
Parks and Recreation	38,417
Senior Center	2,228
Library	_
Total Depreciation Expense	\$356,587

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

A summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets as of December 31, 2021, is as follows:

IUIIUWS.				
	Balance January 1,			Balance December 31,
	2021	Additions	Deductions	2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_			
Land	\$52,200	\$-	\$-	\$52,200
Construction in progress	303,537	379,290	-	682,827
Subtotal	355,737	379,290		735,027
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Sewer plant and equipment	12,493,205	20,479	-	12,513,684
Electric system and equipment	3,041,595	62,901	-	3,104,496
Water plant and equipment	11,871,524	18,694	-	11,890,218
Subtotal	27,406,324	102,074	-	27,508,398
Total Capital Assets	27,762,061	481,364		28,243,425
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Sewer plant and equipment	(3,413,565)	(321,184)	_	(3,734,749)
Electric system and equipment	(2,007,545)	(110,372)	-	(2,117,917)
Water plant and equipment	(6,072,483)	(305,591)	-	(6,378,074)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,493,593)	(737,147)	_	(12,230,740)
Capital Assets, Net	\$16,268,468	(\$255,783)	\$-	\$16,012,685
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Depreciation expense for the business-type activities was charged to the following functions and activities of the primary government:

Business-type Activiti	es:	
Sewer system		\$321,184
Electric system		110,372
Water system		305,591
-	Total Depreciation Expense	\$737,147

A summary of changes in the discretely presented component units capital assets as of December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:		·		
Land	\$18,720	\$-	\$-	\$18,720
Construction in progress	16,455	63,674	(80,129)	-
Subtotal _	35,175	63,674	(80,129)	18,720
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvement	4,297,415	161,067	-	4,458,482
Equipment	247,409	2,476	(18,026)	231,859
Subtotal	4,544,824	163,543	(18,026)	4,690,341
Total Capital Assets	4,579,999	227,217	(98,155)	4,709,061
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,001,651)	(99,820)	17,112	(4,084,359)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,001,651)	(99,820)	17,112	(4,084,359)
Capital Assets, Net	\$578,348	\$127,397	(\$81,043)	\$624,702

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

Depreciation expense for the discretely presented component unit was charged \$99,820 for the year.

NOTE G - CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS:

The City has a number of projects underway which involve additions, extensions, and improvements to the City parks, streets, sanitary sewer, and/or water systems. Major construction projects in progress as of December 31, 2021 include the following:

Jackson Mine Pavilion, \$534,474; the City continued work for the Pavilion at Jackson Mine Park. Total cost for the project is expected to be \$551,700.

Senior Center MEDC Project, \$538,316; the City continued a major improvement project for the senior center in the current year. Total cost for the project is expected to be \$570,014.

Teal Lake Improvement Project, \$6,433; the City started a project for Teal Lake improvements in the current year. Total project is in the early stages and a total cost is not yet known.

USDA Wastewater Project, \$141,616; the City began the engineering phase of a major wastewater improvement project in the prior year. Total cost for the project is expected to be \$320,000.

Senior Center MEDC Wastewater Improvement Project, \$20,000; the City began some wastewater improvements for the senior center in the prior year. Total cost for the project is expected to be \$289,000.

Buffalo Road Sewer Project, \$6,092; the City began the engineering phase of a sewer improvement project on Buffalo Road in the current year. The project is in the early stages and the total cost is not yet known.

Substation Project, \$20,404; the City began researching to build its own substation in the current year. The project is in the early stages and a total project cost is not yet known.

Water Project Phase 1, \$471,600; the City continued the engineering phase of a major water improvement project in the current year. Total cost for the project is expected to be approximately \$500,000 for Phase 1 alone.

DWAM Project, \$23,115; the started a Drinking Water Asset Management project in the current year. Total cost for the project is expected to be approximately \$460,000.

As of December 31, 2021, total construction in progress costs incurred amounted to \$1,079,223 in the governmental type activities and \$682,827 in the business-type activities.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the primary government at December 31, 2021:

Balance 1/1/21	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/21	Due Within One Year
., ,, _	, taditionio	Boddonono	12,01,21	
\$12.609	\$-	(\$12.609)	\$-	\$-
	· -	, ,	61.720	14,242
,	_	, , ,	,	, -
24,510	-	(11,939)	12,571	12,571
369,698	-	(160,229)	209,469	26,813
121,951	5,816	-	127,767	· -
\$491,649	\$5,816	(\$160,229)	\$337,236	\$26,813
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
\$3,208,000	\$-	(\$65,000)	\$3,143,000	\$67,000
910,000	-	· -	910,000	145,000
1,436,000	-	(78,000)	1,358,000	81,000
		,		
97,083		(20,418)	76,665	21,559
5,651,083	-	(163,418)	5,487,665	314,559
(130,000)	-	18,571	(111,429)	
5,521,083	-	(144,847)	5,376,236	314,559
35,005	1,577	-	36,582	-
\$5,556,088	\$1,577	(\$144,847)	\$5,412,818	\$314,559
	\$12,609 75,237 257,342 24,510 369,698 121,951 \$491,649 \$3,208,000 910,000 1,436,000 97,083 5,651,083 (130,000) 5,521,083 35,005	\$12,609 \$- 75,237 - 257,342 - 24,510 - 369,698 - 121,951 5,816 \$491,649 \$5,816 \$3,208,000 \$- 910,000 - 1,436,000 - 97,083 - 5,651,083 - (130,000) - 5,521,083 - 35,005 1,577	1/1/21 Additions Deductions \$12,609 \$- (\$12,609) 75,237 - (13,517) 257,342 - (122,164) 24,510 - (11,939) 369,698 - (160,229) 121,951 5,816 - \$491,649 \$5,816 (\$160,229) \$3,208,000 - - 910,000 - - 1,436,000 - (78,000) 97,083 - (20,418) 5,651,083 - (163,418) (130,000) - 18,571 5,521,083 - (144,847) 35,005 1,577 -	1/1/21 Additions Deductions 12/31/21 \$12,609 \$- (\$12,609) \$- 75,237 - (13,517) 61,720 257,342 - (122,164) 135,178 24,510 - (11,939) 12,571 369,698 - (160,229) 209,469 121,951 5,816 - 127,767 \$491,649 \$5,816 (\$160,229) \$337,236 \$3,208,000 - - 910,000 1,436,000 - (78,000) 1,358,000 97,083 - (20,418) 76,665 5,651,083 - (163,418) 5,487,665 (130,000) - 18,571 (111,429) 5,521,083 - (144,847) 5,376,236 35,005 1,577 - 36,582

The annual principal and interest requirements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	oe Activities
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$26,813	\$3,976	\$314,559	\$107,150
2023	80,890	9,545	322,764	101,153
2024	85,106	5,329	328,035	94,984
2025	16,660	894	318,307	88,944
2026	-	-	316,000	83,777
2027-2031	-	-	1,030,000	353,947
2032-2036	-	-	924,000	258,995
2037-2041	-	-	520,000	183,942
2042-2046	-	-	591,000	125,802
2047-2051	-	-	674,000	59,542
2052-2056	<u>-</u>		149,000	3,166
Total	\$209,469	\$19,744	\$5,487,665	\$1,461,402

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

2020 Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Revenue Refunding Bonds

On October 6, 2020, the City issued \$910,000 in Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 with an interest rate of 1.190% for the purpose of refunding all of the City's outstanding Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, dated November 27, 2002 and to pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds.

The refunding portion of the 2002 Sanitary Sewage Disposal Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds net proceeds of \$1,212,719 were paid to the refund bond escrow agent. As a result, the 2002 issue bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Business-Type Activities long term debt balances.

The irrevocable trust accounts for the assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On December 31, 2021, \$1,040,000 of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The advanced refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of the old debt in the amount of \$130,000. The difference has been deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. This transaction was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments and accordingly resulted in an economic gain of \$422,377.

The Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 are secured solely by the net revenues of the Sanitary Sewage System to pay the annual installments due plus interest and administrative costs, and statutory liens provided under Ordinance No. 2020-01. The bond issued in the amount of \$910,000, dated October 6, 2020, mature annually on January 1 of each year through January 1, 2027. Interest is payable on January 1 and July 1 of each year at an average interest rate of 1.190% per annum. Scheduled payments of principal and interest are listed below:

	Janu	January 1		
	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$5,415	\$145,000	\$4,552	\$154,967
2023	4,552	149,000	3,665	157,217
2024	3,665	151,000	2,767	157,432
2025	2,767	153,000	1,856	157,623
2026	1,856	155,000	934	157,790
2027-2031	934	157,000	<u> </u>	157,934
Total	\$19,189	\$910,000	\$13,774	\$942,963

2012 Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds

In September 2012, the City of Negaunee, pursuant to Act 94 of the Public Acts of Michigan, 1933, as amended, and Ordinance No. 2012, authorized the issuance of \$3,673,000 in Sanitary Sewage Disposal System Junior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 for the purpose of (1) paying part the costs of the acquisition and construction of improvements to the City's Sanitary Sewage Disposal System. The improvements consist of construction of a wastewater transmission line through the City of Ishpeming to connect to the Ishpeming Area Wastewater Treatment Facility. The total cost of the project is approximately \$7,364,000. Federal funds of approximately \$1,691,000 are expected through a grant from the United States Department of Agriculture to defray a portion of the cost totaled. The City has issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$3,673,000 with the remainder of the financing coming from local sources. The Sanitary Sewage

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

Disposal System Junior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 are secured solely by the net revenues of the Sanitary Sewage System to pay the annual installments due plus interest and administrative costs, and statutory liens provided under Ordinance No. 2012.

The bonds, dated September 28, 2012, mature annually on September 1 of each year through September 1, 2052. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year at an average interest rate of 2.125% per annum. Scheduled payments of principal and interest are listed below:

	March 1	Septem	September 1	
	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$33,394	\$67,000	\$33,394	\$133,788
2023	32,683	69,000	32,683	134,366
2024	31,949	70,000	31,949	133,898
2025	31,206	72,000	31,206	134,412
2026	30,441	74,000	30,441	134,882
2027-2031	139,984	400,000	139,984	679,968
2032-2036	117,555	457,000	117,555	692,110
2037-2041	91,971	520,000	91,971	703,942
2042-2046	62,901	591,000	62,901	716,802
2047-2051	29,771	674,000	29,771	733,542
2052-2056	1,583	149,000	1,583	152,166
Total	\$603,438	\$3,143,000	\$603,438	\$4,349,876

2020 Water Supply System Revenue Refunding Bond

On September 3, 2020, the City issued \$1,436,000 in Water Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 with an interest rate of 2.000% for the purpose of refunding all of the City's outstanding Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 1997, dated June 11, 1997 and to pay the costs of issuance of the bond.

The refunding portion of the 1997 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds net proceeds of \$1,448,045 were paid to the refund bond escrow agent. As a result, the 1997 issue bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Business-Type Activities long term debt balances.

The irrevocable trust accounts for the assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On December 31, 2021, \$1,364,000 of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The advanced refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of the old debt in the amount of \$15,000. The difference was expensed in the year of refunding. This transaction was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments and accordingly resulted in an economic gain of \$306,807.

The Water Supply System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 are secured solely by the net revenues of the Water Supply System to pay the annual installments due plus interest and administrative costs, and statutory liens provided under Ordinance No. 2020. The bond issued in the amount of \$1,436,000, dated September 3, 2020, mature on April 1 and October 1 of each year through April 1, 2036. Interest is payable on April 1 and October 1 of each year at an average interest rate of 2.000% per annum. Scheduled payments of principal and interest are listed below:

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

	Apr	il 1	Octob	per 1	
	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Total
2022	\$13,775	\$40,000	\$12,975	\$41,000	\$107,750
2023	12,975	41,000	12,155	41,000	107,130
2024	12,155	41,000	11,330	42,000	106,485
2025	11,330	42,000	10,485	43,000	106,815
2026	10,485	43,000	9,620	44,000	107,105
2027-2031	38,875	235,000	34,170	238,000	546,045
2032-2036	14,400	260,000	9,485	207,000	490,885
Total	\$113,995	\$702,000	\$100,220	\$656,000	\$1,572,215

Capital Leases

In 2019, the City entered into agreements with unrelated third parties to lease a Zamboni. The capital lease entered into with Lease Servicing Center totaled \$122,876.

In 2019, the City entered into agreements with unrelated third parties to lease a Police Tahoe. The capital lease entered into with Berger Chevrolet totaled \$40,092.

In 2020, the City entered into agreements with unrelated third parties to lease a 2020 Police Tahoe. The capital lease entered into with Berger Chevrolet totaled \$39,708.

In 2020, the City entered into agreements with unrelated third parties to lease 2 Peterbilt Snowplows. The capital lease entered into with Paccar Financial totaled \$364,411.

In 2019, the City entered into agreements with unrelated third parties to lease a 2019 Aerial Truck. The capital lease entered into with De Lage Landen Public Finance LLC totaled \$126,020.

The following presents future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021:

	Go	vernmental Act	ivities	Business- Type Activities
				De Lage Landen
	Lease			Public
	Services	Berger	Paccar	Finance
	Center	Chevrolet	Financial	LLC
		2020		
		Police	2 Peterbilt	2019 Aerial
	Zamboni	<u>Tahoe</u>	Snowplows	Truck
2022	\$17,553	\$13,236	\$-	\$25,204
2023	17,553	-	72,882	25,204
2024	17,554	-	72,881	25,204
2025	17,554	-	-	8,401
2026	-	-	-	-
2027-2031	-	-	-	-
Less: Interest	(8,494)	(665)	(10,585)	(7,348)
Present Value of Minimum Lease				
Payments	\$61,720	\$12,571	\$135,178	\$76,665

NOTE I - COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

The City accrues the liability for earned sick leave based on the vesting method. The liability is accrued as the benefits are earned if it is probable that the City will compensate the employees conditioned upon retirement, death or termination of employment. Employees earn sick leave at the rate of one (1) day per month, not to exceed 12 days per year. Upon termination in good standing, retirement, death, or disability, employees or their estates shall be paid for sick leave accumulated at their current rate of pay as dictated by the respective union contract or employment agreement.

Employees earn vacation leave at various schedules dependent upon their length of employment. Vacation in any current calendar year shall be taken as earned during the previous year. If an employee is not permitted to take all of his earned vacation time before the expiration of the calendar year, he shall be entitled to take any such unused vacation time during the succeeding six months. Upon retirement, death, termination or disability, employees or their estates are paid for any unused portion of vacation allowance in the current year to the separation date at their current rate of pay.

The current portion of the liability for governmental fund types and the entire liability for proprietary fund types are reported as part of the accrued expenses in the respective funds. The long-term portion of the liability applicable to the governmental fund types is reported in the Statement of Net Position. The liability is recorded as follows:

	Sick Leave	Vacation	Total
ACCRUED SICK AND VACATION:			
Sewer Fund	\$6,766	\$166	\$6,932
Electric Fund	19,165	1,381	20,546
Water Fund	8,656	448	9,104
Governmental Activities – long-term portion	114,830	12,937	127,767
Total	\$149,417	\$14,932	\$164,349

NOTE J - TAXES LEVIED FOR A SUBSEQUENT PERIOD:

Property taxes levied on December 1, 2021 have met all criteria related to revenue recognition except for time and as such are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources. The amount of taxes levied for a subsequent period is as follows:

General Fund		\$1,905,275
Street Millage Fund		210,197
Parks Beautification Fund		106,673
Equipment Fund		160,019
	TOTAL	\$2,382,164

NOTE K - FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Non-spendable — amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTE K - FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued):

Committed — amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the city. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board.

Assigned — amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the city's adopted policy, only the City Manager or the Board may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned — all other spendable amounts.

As of December 31, 2021, fund balances for the City are composed of the following:

	General	Major Street	Local	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Non-constalle	Fund	Fund	Street Fund	Funds	Funds
Non-spendable: Corpus Prepaid expense	\$- 14,951	\$- -	\$- -	\$115,935 -	\$115,935 14,951
Subtotal	14,951			115,935	130,886
Restricted:		500.047			500.045
Transportation Funds	-	529,347	-	-	529,347
Street Millage	-	-	-	413,590	413,590
Cemetery	-	-	-	(11,735)	(11,735)
Library State Aid	-	-	-	13,678	13,678
Elderly Citizens	-	-	-	120,500 29,592	120,500
Park Beautification Millage Equipment Millage	-	-	-	29,392	29,592
Subtotal		529,347		565,625	1,094,972
Committed:					
Economic Development				5,000	5,000
Subtotal				5,000	5,000
Assigned:					
Transportation Funds	_	217,105	225,442	_	442,547
Law Enforcement	_	-	-	13	13
Crime Prevention	_	_	_	2,013	2,013
Economic Development	_	_	_	152,255	152,255
Salvage Inspection	_	_	-	5,150	5,150
Drug Forfeiture	_	-	-	362	362
Park Beautification	-	-	-	12,317	12,317
Building Improvement	_	-	-	35,825	35,825
Park Improvements	_	-	-	4,970	4,970
Equipment .	_	-	-	237,698	237,698
Subtotal		217,105	225,442	450,603	893,150
Unassigned	1 145 400				1 145 400
Unassigned	1,145,490		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,145,490
Total fund balances	\$1,160,441	\$746,452	\$225,442	\$1,137,163	\$3,269,498

NOTE K – FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued):

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTE L - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided

	2020 Valuation		
	01 – General:	10 - Public Works:	
	Open Division	Open Division	
Benefit Multiplier:	2.50% Multiplier (80% max)	2.50% Multiplier (80% max)	
Normal Retirement Age:	60	60	
Vesting:	10 years	10 years	
Early Retirement (Unreduced):	55/25	55/25	
Early Retirement (Reduced):	50/25	50/25	
	55/15	55/15	
Final Average Compensation:	3 years	3 years	
COLA for Future Retirees:	2.50% (Non-Compound)		
COLA for Current Retirees:	2.50% (Non-Compound)	2.50% (Non-Compound)	
Employee Contributions:	0%	0%	
Act 88:	Yes (Adopted 12/13/1962)	Yes (Adopted 12/13/1962)	

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

		Component
		Unit:
	Primary	Housing
	Government	Commission
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:	43	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving:	7	-
Active employees:	23	2
Total	73	3

Contributions

The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

The contribution rates as a percentage of payroll as December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Employer	Employee
Division	Contribution	Contribution
01 – General	100.20%	0%
10 – Public Works	48.35%	0%

There were no contributions requirements for closed divisions.

Net Pension Liability

The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: 3.00% plus merit and longevity: 3.00% in the long-term

Investment rate of return: 7.35%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3.0% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3%-4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the version of Pub-2010 and fully generational MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2014-2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-		Long-
		Target	Term		Term
		Allocation	Expected		Expected
		Gross	Gross		Real
	Target	Rate of	Rate of	Inflation	Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Assumption	Return
Global Equity	60.0%	7.45%	4.47%	2.50%	2.97%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	4.90%	0.98%	2.50%	0.48%
Private Investments	20.0%	9.50%	1.90%	2.50%	1.40%
Total	100.0%		7.35%		4.85%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Calculating the Net Pension Liability – Primary Government			
		Increase (Decrease	e)
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net Pension Liability
Changes in Net Pension Liability	Liability (a)	Position (b)	(a) – (b)
Balances at 12/31/2020	\$13,565,144	\$7,169,511	\$6,395,633
Changes for the Year		+ ,,-	* -,,
Service Cost	131,503	-	131,503
Interest on Total Pension Liability	972,432	-	972,432
Changes in benefits	-	-	-
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	(84,750)	-	(84,750)
Change in assumptions	414,187	-	414,187
Employer Contributions	-	701,920	(701,920)
Employee Contributions	-	-	-
Net Investment Income	-	970,135	(970,135)
Benefit payments, including			
employee refunds	(922,924)	(922,924)	-
Administrative expense	-	(11,120)	11,120
Other changes	(40,023)	-	(40,023)
Net Changes	470,425	738,011	(267,586)
Balances at 12/31/2021	\$14,035,569	\$7,907,522	\$6,128,047

Calculating the Net Pension Liability – Component Unit – Housing Commission

Calculating the Net 1 chalon Lit	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
Changes in Net Pension Liability	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Liability (a) – (b)
D 1 10/04/0000	****	* 4.40.000	****
Balances at 12/31/2020	\$644,044	\$419,089	\$224,955
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost	6,691	-	6,691
Interest on Total Pension Liability	47,459	-	47,459
Changes in benefits	-	-	-
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	(4,312)	-	(4,312)
Change in assumptions	21,075	-	21,075
Employer Contributions	-	58,225	(58,225)
Employee Contributions	-	-	· -
Net Investment Income	-	47,931	(47,931)
Benefit payments, including			,
employee refunds	(45,864)	(45,864)	-
Administrative expense	-	(550)	550
Other changes	28,289	`	28,289
Net Changes	53,338	59,742	(6,404)
Balances at 12/31/2021	\$697,382	\$478,831	\$218,551

Net Pension Liability (NPL):

MERS – Primary Government	\$6,128,047
Police – Primary Government (Note N)	658,360
Total Primary Government	\$6,786,407

Net Pension Liability (NPL):

MERS: Component Unit – Housing Commission	\$218,551
Total Component Unit	\$218,551

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate</u>
The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1% higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	P	rimary Governmen	ıt
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	6.60%	Rate 7.60%	8.60%
Net Pension Liability at 12/31/2021	\$6,128,047	\$6,128,047	\$6,128,047
Change in Net Pension Liability	1,377,651	=	(1,173,508)
Calculated Net Pension Liability	\$7,505,698	\$6,128,047	\$4,954,539

	Component Unit – Housing Commission		
	1% Current 19		
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	6.60%	Rate 7.60%	8.60%
Net Pension Liability at 12/31/2021	\$218,551	\$218,551	\$218,551
Change in Net Pension Liability	113,796	-	(96,924)
Calculated Net Pension Liability	\$332,347	\$218,551	\$121,627

Note: The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because for GASB purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended 2021 the employer recognized pension expense of \$60,041. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	12/31/2021		12/31/2021	
	_		Component Unit –	
	Primary Go	vernment	Housing Commission	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	(Inflows) of	Outflows of	(Inflows) of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Difference in experience	\$19,091	(\$2,124)	\$3,936	(\$2,875)
Difference in assumptions	399,931	-	7,025	-
Excess (Deficit) Investment				
Returns		(489,282)	<u> </u>	(4,243)
Subtotal	419,022	(491,406)	10,961	(7,118)
Contributions subsequent to		·		
the measurement date*	-	-	58,225	-
Total	\$419,022	(\$491,406)	\$69,186	(\$7,118)

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan Year Ended:	Primary Government	Component Unit – Housing Commission
2022	\$250,760	\$16,139
2023	(102,571)	(4,185)
2024	(145,834)	(4,985)
2025	(74,739)	(3,126)
2026	-	-
Thereafter	<u> </u>	
Total	(\$72,384)	\$3,843

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred (Inflows) of
	Resources	Resources
Deferred Amounts Related to Pension:		
MERS – Primary Government	\$419,022	(\$491,406)
Police – Primary Government (Note N)	547,687	(495,507)
Total Primary Government	\$966,709	(\$986,913)
Deferred Amounts Related to Pension:		
MERS: Component Unit – Housing Commission	\$10,961	(\$7,118)
Total Component Unit	\$10,961	(\$7,118)

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2021, there was a reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE M – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Negaunee Retiree Health Plan and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as if they are reported by the City of Negaunee. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Description</u>

The City of Negaunee Retiree Health Plan is a single employer plan established and administered by the City of Negaunee and can be amended at its discretion.

Under the City's various union agreements, eligible retirees and their spouses receive full or partial contributions on their behalf for health, dental, vision, and life insurance premiums. Negaunee Police Association and AFSCME retirees (and spouses) remain eligible until age 65 upon which time they are then eligible to receive Medicare Supplemental coverage. Local 214 retirees are eligible until age 65; no supplement Medicare coverage is offered.

Benefits Provided

Group	Description of Benefits Provided
DPW	If an employee meets the eligibility criteria, the City agrees to pay the full health insurance premium for the retired employee and 50% of the additional cost to add the retiree's spouse to the insurance benefits. The City agrees to pay the premium for the full-term life insurance for each retiree.
City Hall	If an employee meets the eligibility criteria, the City agrees to provide health insurance for the retired employee and pay 50% of the spouse premium at the time of retirement. The City will provide Medicare supplemental insurance for the retiree only. The spouse shall not be eligible for any type of Medicare supplemental coverage. The City also agrees to pay the premium for the term life insurance for each retiree.

NOTE M – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

Police

If an employee meets the eligibility criteria, the City agrees to provide health insurance for the retired employee. The City will also provide Medicare supplemental insurance for the retiree. The spouse shall not be eligible for any type of Medicare supplemental coverage. The City also agrees to pay the premium for the term life insurance for each retiree.

At the December 31, 2020 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees		10
Retirees and beneficiaries		34
	Total	44

Contributions

The City of Negaunee Retiree Health plan was established and is being funded under the authority of the Employer's governing body and under agreements with the unions representing various classes of employees. The Plan's funding policy is to pay expected plan benefits from general operating funds — pay-as-you-go. Active participants do not make contributions to pre-fund the Plan. There are no long-term contracts for contributions to the Plan.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB Liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the December 31, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions were used in the measurement:

Inflation Not applicable; the plan is not pre-funded Salary Increases 2.00% (for purpose of allocating liability)
Investment rate of return Not applicable; the plan is not pre-funded

20-year Aa Municipal bond rate 2.25% (S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index)

Mortality Public General 2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree,

Headcount weighted

Improvement Scale MP-2021

As the plan is not pre-funded, no long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 2.25%. Because the plan does not have a dedicated OPEB trust, there are not assets projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members, therefore, benefit payments are discounts at a discount rate reflecting a 20-year AA/Aa tax-exempt municipal bond yield. As of December 31, 2020 the discount rate used to value OPEB liabilities was 1.93%.

NOTE M – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Calculating the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
Changes in Net OPEB Liability	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Liability (a) – (b)
Balances at 12/31/2020	\$10,711,605	\$-	\$10,711,605
Changes for the Year:			
Service cost	72,016	-	72,016
Interest	205,502	-	205,502
Changes in benefits	-	-	-
Change in experience	(58,158)	-	(58,158)
Change in assumptions	(642,959)	-	(642,959)
Employer contributions	-	271,747	(271,747)
Employee contributions	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including			
refunds	(271,747)	(271,747)	-
Administrative expense	-	-	-
Other changes	-	-	-
Net Changes	(695,346)	-	(695,346)
Balances as of 12/31/2021	\$10,016,259	\$-	\$10,016,259

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.25%, as well as what the City's Net OPEB Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.25%) or 1% higher (3.25%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(1.25%)	(2.25%)	(3.25%)
Net OPEB Liability at 12/31/21	\$10,016,259	\$10,016,259	\$10,016,259
Change in Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	1,661,320		(1,317,908)
	\$11,677,579	\$10,016,259	\$8,698,351

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the City, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1% higher than the current trend rates.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase
Net OPEB Liability at 12/31/21	\$10,016,259	\$10,016,259	\$10,016,259
Change in Net OPEB Liability (NOL)	(1,389,844)	-	1,729,436
	\$8,626,415	\$10,016,259	\$11,745,695

NOTE M – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense/(benefit) of (\$695,346). The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	(Inflows)
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences in experience	\$-	\$-
Differences in assumptions	-	-
(Excess) Deficit Investment Returns	-	-
Subtotal	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		
Total	\$-	\$-

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net OPEB Liability for the year ending December 31, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows of Resources by Year (to Be Recognized in Future OPEB Expenses)

3011000/
_
Amount
\$-
-
-
-
-
-
\$-

NOTE N - POLICEMEN RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Policemen Retirement System and additions to/deductions from System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Policemen Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

The City is the administrator of a single-employer public employee retirement system ("System") established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits for the Police Department employees. The Policemen's System is considered part of the City financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial report as a pension trust fund. A separately issued actuarial report is issued and available from the City Clerk. Management of the System is vesting in the

Negaunee Police Retirement Board of the City which consists of five members: two that are elected (representing the police employees), two that are appointed by the City Council of the City and one that is the Treasurer of the City.

Benefits Provided:

2021 Valuation

Benefit Multiplier: 2.90% Multiplier (plus 1% for years in excess of 25 years, and

police chief plus 2.90% for years in excess of 25)

Normal Retirement Age: 60

Vesting: 10 years Early Retirement (Unreduced): 50/25

50/20 for Police Chief

Early Retirement (Reduced): Not applicable

Average Final Compensation (AFC): 5 years (3 years for Police Chief)

COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% per annum compounding for prior Police Chief

and current chief; per annum non-compounding adjustment based on seniority level for future Police

Participants

Employee Contributions: 5.00%

Non-duty Disability: To age 55: 1.5% multiple

At age 55: same as above

Duty Disability: To age 55: 50% AFC

At age 55: same as above w/ service credit from date

of disability to age 55.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2021 valuation date, the latest actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:	12
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving:	2
Active employees:	8
Total	22

Contributions

The City's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and requires a contribution from the employees of 5% of gross wages.

The City contributes actuarially determined amounts.

There were no contributions requirements for closed divisions.

Net Pension Liability

The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Salary Increases: 3.0% per annum
- Investment rate of return: 6.85%, net of investment expense, including inflation
- Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.0% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 2.0%.
- Mortality rates used were based on the Society of Actuaries' Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables.
- Disability rates: It is assumed that 20% of disabilities before retirement are duty related.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study in 2003.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocations were estimated based on the asset allocation provided by the client as of December 31, 2017. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were approximated using expected returns from eight investment consultants. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class		Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash		0%	0%
Domestic Equity – Large Cap		35%	7.8%
Domestic Equity – Small Cap		6%	7.2%
International Equity		10%	2.3%
Emerging Markets		4%	4.3%
Domestic Corporate Fixed Income		30%	4.3%
Domestic Government Fixed Income		4%	4.3%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities		6%	4.3%
High Yield Bonds		0%	0%
Real Estate		1%	13.4%
Private Equity		0%	0%
Hedge Funds		0%	0%
Other Alternatives		4%	-3.8%
	TOTAL	100.00%	
Total Real Rate of Return			7%
Plus: Price Inflation - Actuary's Assumpt	ion		1%
Less: Admin and Investment Expense			-1%
Net Expected Return			7%

Deposits and Investments

Michigan statute (Act 314, PA 1965, as amended) authorizes the System to invest in, with certain restrictions, stocks and mutual funds up to 60% of the system's assets; investments in the general or separate account of life insurance companies; fixed income securities; investments in leased property; direct investments in property; investments in real estate loans; investments in small business or venture capital firms in Michigan; surplus funds pooled accounts; and bank or trust company collective investment funds. The City of Negaunee ACT 345 Policeman Pension Board has the responsibility and authority to oversee the investment portfolio. Various professional investment managers are contracted to assist in managing the System's assets. All investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the City of Negaunee ACT 345 Policeman Pension Board.

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value, which is determined by the System custodian in consultation with the System's investment managers. When sold, the cost of common stock sold is determined on the average cost method. Realized and unrealized gains or losses are reflected in revenues.

Concentration of Investments

The fair value of individual investments that represent 5.0% or more of the Plan's net position is as follows:

Vangrd Tot Bd Mkt Ind Fd Adm	\$354,742
JPMorgan Equity Income Fund R6	764,553
DFA Emerging Markets Pt Ins	298,380
American Funds Wash Mtual R6	501,365
PIMCO Income Fund Ins	358,321
MFS Growth Fund R6	314,489
Pioneer Fundamental Growth F K	270,451
VOYA Intermediate Bond Fund R6	608,115
Vangrd Tot Int Stk In F Adm	452,502

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.85% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from System members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on System investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE N - POLICEMEN RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued):

Calculating the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
Changes in Net Pension Liability	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Liability (a) – (b)
			_
Balances at 12/31/2020	\$5,468,555	\$4,851,581	\$616,974
Changes for the Year			_
Service Cost	95,412	-	95,412
Interest on Total Pension Liability	376,561	-	376,561
Changes in benefits	-	-	-
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	143,904	-	143,904
Change in assumptions	133,353	-	133,353
Employer Contributions	-	113,610	(113,610)
Employee Contributions	-	24,031	(24,031)
Net Investment Income	-	582,199	(582,199)
Benefit payments, including			
employee refunds	(340,658)	(340,658)	-
Administrative expense	-	(11,996)	11,996
Other changes	-	-	<u> </u>
Net Changes	408,572	367,186	41,386
Balances at 12/31/2021	\$5,877,127	\$5,218,767	\$658,360

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 6.85%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.85%) or 1% higher (7.85%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	5.85%	6.85%	7.85%
Net Pension Liability at 12/31/2021	\$658,360	\$658,360	\$658,360
Change in Net Pension Liability	768,549	<u> </u>	(629,037)
Calculated Net Pension Liability	\$1,426,909	\$658,360	\$29,323

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended 2021 the employer recognized pension expense of \$18,367. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	(Inflows) of
	Resources	Resources
Difference in experience	\$325,313	(\$37,613)
Difference in assumptions	134,675	(11,792)
Excess (Deficit) Investment Returns	87,699	(446,102)
Subtotal	547,687	(495,507)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	-	-
Total	\$547,687	(\$495,507)

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the plan year ending 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan Year	
Ended:	Amount
2022	\$35,849
2023	(49,651)
2024	36,933
2025	29,049
2026	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$52,180

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2021, there was a reported payable of \$116,087 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE O - NET POLICEMAN PENSION LIABILITY OF THE CITY (UNDER GASB 67):

The components of the net pension liability of the City at December 31, 2021, are as follows:

Total pension liability	\$5,877,127
Plan fiduciary net position	(5,218,767)
City's net pension liability	\$658,360
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.80%

NOTE P - PROPERTY TAXES:

Property taxes levied on December 1, 2021, in the amount of \$2,382,164 were deferred since they are not "available" to finance current expenditures. The tax rate to finance general government services for the year ended December 31, 2021 (levied December 1, 2020) totaled 21.5493 mills broken out as follows: 17.1948 mills for general operating (General Fund), 1.9193 mills for Streets (Street Millage Fund), 0.9741 mills for Parks and Recreation (Park Beautification Fund), and 1.4611 for Equipment (Equipment Fund). The millage rate is based on each \$1,000 of property assessed valuation and the current taxable value of the City of \$115,587,252.

NOTE Q - IRON ORE HERITAGE RECREATION AUTHORITY:

In November 2008, the City of Negaunee joined with other municipalities to create the Iron Ore Heritage Recreation Authority. The Authority was created pursuant to Act 321 of 2000 (the "Recreation Authorities Act") to acquire, construct, operate, maintain or improve a public park for recreational purposes, specifically limited to a permanent, year-round signed and surfaced trail system open to the public, to provide amenities along the trail, to encourage tourism development along the trail system, to encourage municipalities to tie compatible links into the trail system allowing for greater access to businesses, parks and schools and to conduct other activities permitted under Act 321 of 2000.

The authority is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of an odd number of members, with one (1) member to be appointed by the legislative body of each participating municipality. All Authority decisions must be passed by a majority of the members of the Board.

The Board shall obtain an annual audit of the Authority. A summary of financial information from the separately audited financial statements of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2021 (the latest available financial report) is as follows:

Assets	\$3,575,124
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-
Liabilities	8,809
Deferred Inflows of Resources	357,737
Net Position	3,208,578
Operating Revenues	535,811
Operating Expenses	331,786

NOTE R – INVESTMENT IN JOINT WATER AUTHORITY:

On July 31, 1991, the City of Negaunee and the City of Ishpeming entered into an intergovernmental agreement pursuant to both Act 35 of 1951, as amended, and Act 7 of 1967 for the purpose of creating the Negaunee-Ishpeming Water Authority Board (NIWAB), a corporate public body which shall design, construct, own, operate and maintain a joint municipal water supply system and related facility. As part of the agreement, each city was obligated to pay 50% of the preliminary engineering, design engineering, and construction bidding costs.

On January 11, 1993, the County of Marquette issued Ishpeming/Negaunee Water Supply System Bonds - 1992 Issue of \$4,660,000 for the purpose of constructing a Water Plant and establishing a new water source for the City of Ishpeming and the City of Negaunee.

A summary of the compiled financial information of the NIWAB as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (the most recent report available) is as follows:

Assets	\$2,312,660
Liabilities	26,192
Net Position	2,286,468
Operating Revenues	615,271
Operating Expenses	680,780
Non-operating Revenues (Expense)	9,752

NOTE R – INVESTMENT IN JOINT WATER AUTHORITY (Continued):

The balance of the investment in Joint Water Authority for the year ended December 31, 2021 of \$543,875 represents the City's net investment in the NIWAB.

NOTE S - JOINT VENTURE - MARQUETTE COUNTY SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY:

In June 1988, the City of Negaunee joined with other municipalities to create the Marquette County Solid Waste Management Authority (Authority). The Authority was created pursuant to Act 233 of 1955 to plan for, acquire, construct, finance, operate, maintain, repair and dispose of, whether by sale, lease, or otherwise, an Act 641 landfill, including all improvements, appurtenances, easements, accessory facilities and structures, equipment, and any other property part of or incidental to the landfill sufficient to satisfy the requirements of, and function as a solid waste disposal area under Act 641.

The Authority is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of one (1) member (who shall be the Chairperson of the Board of Trustees) designated by the Sands Township Supervisor on behalf of Sands Township; two (2) members designated by the Marquette City Commission; three (3) members designated by the Marquette County Board of Commissioners; and one (1) resident of the City of Marquette appointed by the other six Authority Board members. All decisions of the Board are made by majority vote, consisting of at least four of its members.

A summary of financial information from the separately audited financial statements of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Assets	\$21,521,578
Deferred Outflows of Resources	220,020
Liabilities	10,388,035
Deferred Inflows of Resources	306,958
Net Position	11,046,605
Operating Revenues	\$4,656,470
Operating Expenses	(4,314,218)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	522,307
Net Income (Loss)	864,559

NOTE T - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City was unable to obtain general liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable; therefore, the City joined together with other governments and created a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. This agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$75,000 for each insured event.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE T – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

The pooling agreement allows for the pool to make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining. The City is unable to provide an estimate of the amounts of additional assessments that may be required to make the pool self-sustaining.

NOTE U – SINGLE AUDIT:

Under Uniform Guidance a Single Audit is required when the City expends more than \$750,000 in federal dollars. During the 2021 fiscal year, the City of Negaunee expended \$98,022 in federal dollars; therefore, the City is not required to have a Single Audit in order to comply with the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE V – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax (IFT) exemptions, Brownfield exemptions, Neighborhood Enterprise Zone (NEZ) exemptions, Obsolete Property Rehabilitation Act (OPRA) exemptions, and Eligible Manufacturing Personal Property (EMPP) exemptions granted by other governmental agencies within the City in accordance with State laws. These tax exemptions are intended to promote economic development and/or growth within the issuing government's jurisdiction.

For purposes of disclosure under GASB 77, the City discloses tax abatements by issuing government and type greater than \$5,000 in the aggregate. Information relevant to tax abatements within the City for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Type of Tax		Gross Amount
	Abatement	Tax	Abated in
Issuing Government	Agreement	Abated	Fiscal Year
Marquette County	Brownfield	Property Taxes	\$55,173

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, there were no other significant tax abatements made by the City.

NOTE W - NEW GASB STANDARDS:

Management of the City has reviewed the following pronouncements released by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective in the current fiscal year for applicability. Pronouncements deemed applicable to the City by management are described below in *Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements*; pronouncements not applicable are described in *Other Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements*.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

None

Other Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the end of a Construction Period. GASB 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that was previously accounted for in accordance with the requirements of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and

NOTE W – NEW GASB STANDARDS (Continued):

AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statement prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This Statement was originally effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. However, under GASB 95, the effective date was postponed by one year, to periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The City does not have activities that meet the criteria for GASB 89; therefore, GASB 89 is not applicable to the City.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. GASB 93 will enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve the consistency of authoritative literature. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR) – notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing the fallback provisions related to the reference rate. In addition, in accordance with Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, replacement of the rate on which variable payments depend in a lease contract would require a government to apply the provisions for lease modifications, including remeasurement of the lease liability or lease receivable. This Statement was originally effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2019. However, under GASB 95, the effective date was postponed by one year, to periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The City does not have agreements that meet the criteria for GASB 93; therefore, GASB 93 is not applicable to the City.

In October 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. GASB 98 was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for the comprehensive financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness. This statement is effective for periods ending after December 15, 2021. The City does not issue an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report; therefore, GASB 98 is not applicable to the City.

NOTE X - UPCOMING CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS:

The following pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) have been released recently and may be applicable to the City in the near future. We encourage management to review the following information and determine which standard(s) may be applicable to the City.

GASB 87: Leases

Originally effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019; postponed by GASB 95 to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 (City's fiscal year 2022)

This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

GASB 91: Conduit Debt Obligations

Originally effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020; postponed by GASB 95 to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021 (City's fiscal year 2022)

The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for account and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

A conduit debt obligation is defined as a debt instrument having *all* of the following characteristics:

- There are at least three parties involved: (1) an issuer, (2) a third-party obligor, and (3) a debt holder or a debt trustee.
- The issuer and the third-party obligor are not within the same financial reporting entity.
- The debt obligation is not a parity bond of the issuer, nor is it cross-collateralized with other debt of the issuer.
- The third-party obligor or its agent, not the issuer, ultimately receives the proceeds from the debt issuance.
- The third-party obligor, not the issuer, is primarily obligated for the payment of all amounts associated with the debt obligation (debt service payments).

All conduit debt obligations involve the issuer making a limited commitment. Some issuers extend additional commitments or voluntary commitments to support debt service in the event the third party is, or will be, unable to do so.

An issuer should not recognize a conduit debt obligation as a liability. However, an issuer should recognize a liability associated with an additional commitment or a voluntary commitment to support debt service if certain recognition criteria are met. As long as a conduit debt obligation is outstanding, an issuer that has made an additional commitment should evaluate at least annually whether those criteria are met. An issuer that has made only a limited commitment should evaluate whether those criteria are met when an event occurs that causes the issuer to reevaluate its willingness or ability to support the obligor's debt service through a voluntary commitment.

This Statement also addresses arrangements—often characterized as leases—that are associated with conduit debt obligations. In those arrangements, capital assets are constructed or acquired with the proceeds of a conduit debt obligation and used by third-party obligors in the course of their activities. Payments from third-party obligors are intended to cover and coincide with debt service payments. During those arrangements, issuers retain the titles to the capital assets. Those titles may or may not pass to the obligors at the end of the arrangements.

Issuers should not report those arrangements as leases, nor should they recognize a liability for the related conduit debt obligations or a receivable for the payments related to those arrangements. In addition, the following provisions apply:

• If the title passes to the third-party obligor at the end of the arrangement, an issuer should not recognize a capital asset.

- If the title does not pass to the third-party obligor and the third party has exclusive use of the entire capital asset during the arrangement, the issuer should not recognize a capital asset until the arrangement ends.
- If the title does not pass to the third-party obligor and the third party has exclusive use of
 only portions of the capital asset during the arrangement, the issuer, at the inception of
 the arrangement, should recognize the entire capital asset and a deferred inflow of
 resources. The deferred inflow of resources should be reduced, and an inflow recognized,
 in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the arrangement.

This Statement requires issuers to disclose general information about their conduit debt obligations, organized by type of commitment, including the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the issuers' conduit debt obligations and a description of each type of commitment. Issuers that recognize liabilities related to supporting the debt service of conduit debt obligations also should disclose information about the amount recognized and how the liabilities changed during the reporting period.

GASB 92: Omnibus 2020

Originally effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2020; postponed by GASB 95 to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 (City's fiscal year 2022)

This Statement enhances comparability of accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following:

- The effective date of Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, for interim financial reports
- Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan
- The applicability of Statements No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits
- The applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities,* to postemployment benefit arrangements
- Measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition
- Reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers
- Reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature
- Terminology used to refer to derivative instruments.

GASB 94: Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 (City's fiscal year 2023)

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. That uniform guidance will provide more relevant and reliable information for financial statement users and create greater consistency in practice. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs.

Under this Statement, a PPP is defined as an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial assets, such as infrastructure or other capital assts (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Under this Statement a PPP meets the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA) if: (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

GASB 95: Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance

Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018 until below GASBs implemented (beginning with the City's fiscal year 2019)

The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

• Statement No. 87, Leases

Earlier application of the provisions addressed in this Statement is encouraged and is permitted to the extent specified in each pronouncement as originally issued.

GASB 96: Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 (City's fiscal year 2023)

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. That definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs.

GASB 97: Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32

Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 (City's fiscal year 2022)

The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans.

This Statement requires that for purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, except for a potential component unit that is a defined contribution pension plan, a defined contribution OPEB plan, or an other employee benefit plan (for example, certain Section 457 plans), the absence of a governing board should be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform.

This Statement also requires that the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, be applicable to only defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, or paragraph 3 of Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, respectively.

This Statement (1) requires that a Section 457 plan be classified as either a pension plan or an other employee benefit plan depending on whether the plan meets the definition of a pension plan and (2) clarifies that Statement 84, as amended, should be applied to all arrangements organized under IRC Section 457 to determine whether those arrangements should be reported as fiduciary activities.

NOTE Y - UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION DEFICIT:

In accordance with Public Act 140 of 1970, the City is required to file a deficit elimination plan for all funds that have a deficit at the end of the fiscal year. For purposes of determining if a fund is in a deficit position, the Michigan Department of Treasury's Local Audit and Finance Division issued Numbered Letter 2016-1.

The results of performing the deficit test revealed that no deficit elimination plans are required for the Sewer Fund or the Electric Fund based on the criteria of Numbered Letter 2016-1.

NOTE Z - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

COVID-19

The country is still in the midst of recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. At the current time, we are still unable to quantify the long-term effects of the various recovery plans from the pandemic and what impact they may have on future financial statements. As a result, the Authority is continuing to evaluate all COVID-19 related issues as they progress.

MERS

As of July 31, 2021, the City closed its defined benefit contribution plan for Division 10 – Public Works to new employees.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - CITY OF NEGAUNEE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Ultimately ten years will be displayed)

	Plan Year Ending December 31,									
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$	131,503	\$	135,379	\$	126,177	\$	112,242	\$	130,691
Interest		972,432		963,416		943,396		968,856		951,658
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(84,750)		228,403		64,850		(170,271)		2,408
Changes of assumptions		414,187		371,151		· -		-		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(922,924)		(927,588)		(898,954)		(899,384)		(784,569)
Other		(40,023)		(10,125)		(1,071)		55,263		(42,593)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		470,425		760,636		234,398		66,706		257,595
Total Pension Liability, beginning of year		13,565,144		12,804,508		12,570,110		12,503,404		12,245,809
Total Pension Liability, end of year				13,565,144	\$	12,804,508		12,570,110		12,503,404
• •		, ,	_	, ,	_		_	, ,	_	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions-employer	\$	701,920	\$	654,263	\$	558,401	\$	486,713	\$	417,955
Contributions-employee	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Net Investment income		970.135		786.924		799.505		(257,153)		830.501
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(922,924)		(927,588)		(898,954)		(899,384)		(784,569)
Administrative expense		(11,120)		(12,741)		(13,767)		(13,046)		(13,181)
Other		(11,120)		(12,771)		(10,707)		(10,040)		(10,101)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		738.011		500.858		445.185	_	(682.871)		450.705
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning of year		7,169,511		6,668,653	_	6,223,468		6,906,339		6,455,634
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, end of year	\$	7,109,511	\$	7,169,511	\$	6,668,653	\$	6,223,468	\$	6,906,339
rian riducially Net rosition, end or year	Ψ	1,301,322	Ψ	7,103,311	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ	0,223,400	Ψ	0,300,333
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$	6,128,047	\$	6,395,633	\$	6,135,855	\$	6,346,642	\$	5,597,065
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		56%		53%		52%		50%		55%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1.141.044	\$	1,183,099	\$	1,206,503	\$	983.670	\$	1,105,979
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	, ,-	•	,,	•	,,	•	,-	•	,,-
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a percentage										
of covered employee payroll		537%		541%		509%		645%		506%
Notes to schedule:										
Benefit Changes:		NONE		NONE		NONE		NONE		NONE
Changes of Assumptions:		2021		2020		NONE		NONE		NONE
Changes of Assumptions.		2021		2020		INDINL		IVOIVE		IVOIVL

Above dates are based on measurement date, which may not necessarily tie to the fiscal year

^{2021 -} Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

^{2020 -} The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.

⁻ The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.

^{2016 -} Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%.

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - CITY OF NEGAUNEE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Ultimately ten years will be displayed)

	Plan Year Ending December 31,									
		2016		2015		,				
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$	126,076	\$	143,177						
Interest		934,574		916,034						
Changes of benefit terms		-		-						
Difference between expected and actual experience		(285,515)		-						
Changes of assumptions		611,633		-						
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(786, 450)		(750,649)						
Other		(54,498)		(15,749)						
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		545,820		292,813						
Total Pension Liability, beginning of year		11,699,989		11,407,176						
Total Pension Liability, end of year	\$	12,245,809	\$	11,699,989						
					·					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions-employer	\$	370,879	\$	372,452						
Contributions-employee		-		-						
Net Investment income		682,984		(96,020)						
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(786,450)		(750,649)						
Administrative expense		(13,502)		(14,341)						
Other		-		-						
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		253,911		(488,558)						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning of year		6,201,723		6,690,281						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, end of year	\$	6,455,634	\$	6,201,723						
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$	5,790,175	\$	5,498,266						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		53%		53%						
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,107,052	\$	1,086,804						
Formitarials Not Boundary Link Western and account on										
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a percentage		F000/		F000/						
of covered employee payroll		523%		506%						
Notes to schedule:										
Benefit Changes:		NONE		NONE						
Changes of Assumptions:		2016		NONE						
Changes of Alexanipations.		20.0		,,,,,,						

Above dates are based on measurement date, which may not necessarily tie to the fiscal year

2021 - Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

- 2020 The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.
 - The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.
- 2016 Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%.

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - CITY OF NEGAUNEE

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,											
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017							
Actuarial determined contributions	\$ 744,431	\$ 654,289	\$ 558,401	\$ 486,713	\$ 417,955							
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	744,431 \$ -	654,289 \$ -	558,401 \$ -	486,713 \$ -	417,955 \$ -							
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,141,044	\$ 1,183,099	\$ 1,206,503	\$ 983,670	\$ 1,105,979							
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	65%	55%	46%	49%	38%							

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed

Inflation2.5%Salary Increases3.00%Investment rate of return7.35%

Retirement age Varies depending on plan adoption by division Mortality Pub-2010 - fully generational MP-2019

Previous actuarial methods and assumptions:

Note that these are employer contributions not employee contributions

2021 - Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

2020 - The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.

- The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.

2016 - Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%. Inflation rate lowered from 3.5% to 2.5%.

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - CITY OF NEGAUNEE

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Continued)

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,											
	2016	2015	2013	2012	2011							
Actuarial determined contributions	\$ 370,879	\$ 372,452	\$ 357,395	\$ 325,971	\$ 370,848							
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	370,879 \$ -	372,452 \$ -	357,395 \$ -	325,971 \$ -	370,848							
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,107,052	\$ 1,086,804	\$ 1,234,737	\$ 1,241,842	\$ 1,308,881							
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	34%	34%	29%	26%	28%							

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed

Inflation2.5%Salary Increases3.00%Investment rate of return7.35%

Retirement age Varies depending on plan adoption by division Mortality Pub-2010 - fully generational MP-2019

Previous actuarial methods and assumptions:

Benefit Changes:NoneNoneNoneNoneNoneChanges of Assumptions:2016NoneNoneNoneNone

Note that these are employer contributions not employee contributions

2021 - Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

2020 - The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.

- The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.

2016 - Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%. Inflation rate lowered from 3.5% to 2.5%.

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM COMPONENT UNIT - NEGAUNEE HOUSING COMMISSION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Ultimately ten years will be displayed)

	Plan Year Ending December 31,									
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$	6,691	\$	6,606	\$	6,197	\$	5,824	\$	6,615
Interest		47,459		44,889		50,682		48,902		47,904
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(4,312)		11,145		3,185		(8,835)		122
Changes of assumptions		21,075		18,110		-		-		-
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(45,864)		(44,570)		(43,653)		(46,692)		(41,188)
Other		28,289		(1,759)		(59,032)		21,335		2,173
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		53,338		34,421		(42,621)		20,534		15,626
Total Pension Liability, beginning of year		644,044		609,623		652,244		631,710		616,084
Total Pension Liability, end of year	\$	697,382	\$	644,044	\$	609,623	\$	652,244	\$	631,710
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_		_		_		_		_	
Contributions-employer	\$	58,225	\$	53,558	\$	47,708	\$	44,925	\$	35,106
Contributions-employee								-		-
Net Investment income		47,931		37,941		38,551		(13,238)		42,236
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(45,864)		(44,570)		(43,653)		(46,692)		(41,188)
Administrative expense		(550)		(613)		(664)		(677)		(671)
Other										
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		59,742		46,316		41,942		(15,682)		35,483
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning of year		419,089		372,773		330,831		346,513		311,030
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, end of year	\$	478,831	\$	419,089	\$	372,773	\$	330,831	\$	346,513
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$	218,551	\$	224,955	\$	236,850	\$	321,413	\$	285,197
Dien Fiduciens Not Besition on a necessary of the										
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		69%		65%		61%		51%		55%
,								*		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	79,584	\$	57,728	\$	54,655	\$	61,473	\$	55,886
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a percentage										
of covered employee payroll		275%		390%		433%		523%		510%
Notes to schedule:										
Benefit Changes:		NONE		NONE		NONE		NONE		NONE
· ·										
Changes of Assumptions:		2021		2020		NONE		NONE		NONE

Above dates are based on measurement date, which may not necessarily tie to the fiscal year

^{2021 -} Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

^{2020 -} The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.

⁻ The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.

^{2016 -} Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%. Inflation rate lowered from 3.5% to 2.5%

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM COMPONENT UNIT - NEGAUNEE HOUSING COMMISSION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Ultimately ten years will be displayed)

	Plan Year Ending December 31,									
		2016		2015	J	•	_			
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$	6,343	\$	6,668						
Interest		46,966		42,621						
Changes of benefit terms		-		-						
Difference between expected and actual experience		(14,364)		-						
Changes of assumptions		30,771		-						
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(40,825)		(35,959)						
Other		42,296		307						
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	, —	71,187		13,637						
Total Pension Liability, beginning of year		544,897		531,260						
Total Pension Liability, end of year	\$	616,084	\$	544,897						
			_							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions-employer	\$	27,404	\$	16,951						
Contributions-employee	·	· -		, -						
Net Investment income		34,728		(4,492)						
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(40,825)		(35,959)						
Administrative expense		(688)		(673)						
Other		-		-						
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		20,619		(24,173)						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning of year		290,411		314,584						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, end of year	\$	311,030	\$	290,411						
•										
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$	305,054	\$	254,486						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability		50%		53%						
Covered Francisco Pourell	\$	54,813	\$	F7 F40						
Covered Employee Payroll	Ф	54,613	Ф	57,519						
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a percentage										
of covered employee payroll		557%		442%						
L. A. C. L. A. C.		'*		.,.						
Notes to schedule:										
Benefit Changes:		NONE		NONE						
Changes of Assumptions:		2016		NONE						

Above dates are based on measurement date, which may not necessarily tie to the fiscal year

2021 - Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

- 2020 The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.
 - The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.

2016 - Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%. Inflation rate lowered from 3.5% to 2.5%

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM COMPONENT UNIT - NEGAUNEE HOUSING COMMISSION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,											
		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017			
Actuarial determined contributions	\$	58,225	\$	53,558	\$	47,708	\$	44,925	\$	35,106		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	58,225 -	\$	53,558 -	\$	47,708 -	\$	44,925 -	\$	35,106 -		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	79,584	\$	57,728	\$	54,655	\$	61,473	\$	55,886		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		73%		93%		87%		73%		63%		

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 19 years

Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.75% (plus 0.00% to 11.00% for merit and longevity) Investment rate of return 7.35%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement age 60 years

Mortality Pub-2010 - fully generational MP-2019

Previous actuarial methods and assumptions:

Benefit Changes:	None	None	None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions:	2021	2020	None	None	None

Note that these are employer contributions not employee contributions

2021 - Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

2020 - The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.

- The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.

2016 - Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%. Inflation rate lowered from 3.5% to 2.5%

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM COMPONENT UNIT - NEGAUNEE HOUSING COMMISSION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Continued)

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,										
Actuarial determined contributions \$ 27,404 \$ 16,951 \$ 16,645 \$ 15,181 \$ 1 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution \$ 27,404 \$ 16,951 \$ 16,645 \$ 15,181 \$ 1 Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$	2012										
Actuarial determined contributions	\$	27,404	\$	16,951	\$	16,645	\$	15,181	\$	17,271	
determined contribution	\$	27,404	\$		\$	16,645 -	\$	15,181 -	\$	17,271 -	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	54,813	\$	57,519	\$	57,836	\$	57,836	\$	57,836	
·		50%		29%		29%		26%		30%	

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 19 years

Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.75% (plus 0.00% to 11.00% for merit and longevity) Investment rate of return 7.35%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement age 60 years

Mortality Pub-2010 - fully generational MP-2019

Previous actuarial methods and assumptions:

Benefit Changes:	None	None	None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions:	2016	None	None	None	None

Note that these are employer contributions not employee contributions

2021 - Changes were made to the demographic assumptions as a result of an experience study conducted.

2020 - The investment rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 7.35%.

- The assumed rate of wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.00%.

2016 - Investment rate of return lowered from 8.0% to 7.75%. Inflation rate lowered from 3.5% to 2.5%

POLICEMAN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Ultimately ten years will be displayed)

	Plan Year Ending December 31,									
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Change in total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	95,412	\$	117,278	\$	87,851	\$	79,185	\$	55,421
Interest		376,561		345,638		332,845		308,572		232,165
Change in benefit terms		-		-		-		386,604		729,336
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		143,904		332,564		(106,970)		(230,214)		178,107
Changes in assumptions		133,353		(18,654)		79,714		(18,806)		61,818
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions		(340,658)		(280,757)		(192,057)		(181,579)		(197,954)
Other changes		_				<u>-</u>				
Net change in total pension liability		408,572		496,069		201,383		343,762		1,058,893
Total pension liability, beginning of year		5,468,555		4,972,486		4,771,103		4,427,341		3,368,448
Total pension liability, end of year	\$	5,877,127	\$	5,468,555	\$	4,972,486	\$	4,771,103	\$	4,427,341
Change in plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions – employer	\$	113,610	\$	256,422	\$	228,621	\$	271,423	\$	249,788
Contributions – member		24,031		23,293		26,367		23,269		19,248
Net investment income		582,199		434,223		676,357		(169,560)		452,763
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions		(340,658)		(280,757)		(192,057)		(181,579)		(197,954)
Administrative expense		(11,996)		(10,491)		(8,032)		(21,862)		(5,825)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		367,186		422,690		731,256		(78,309)		518,020
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		4,851,581		4,428,891		3,697,635		3,775,944		3,257,924
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year		5,218,767		4,851,581		4,428,891		3,697,635		3,775,944
City's net pension liability, end of year	\$	658,360	\$	616,974	\$	543,595	\$	1,073,468	\$	651,397
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the										
total pension liability		88.80%		88.72%		89.07%		77.50%		85.29%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	419,860	\$	418,022	\$	527,337	\$	439,731	\$	476,595
City's net pension liability as a percentage of										
covered payroll		156.80%		147.59%		103.08%		244.12%		136.68%

POLICEMAN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Ultimately ten years will be displayed)

	Plan Year Ending December 31,									
•		2016		2015		2014				
Change in total pension liability						<u> </u>				
Service cost	\$	61,699	\$	52,956	\$	49,492				
Interest		229,293		254,513		244,155				
Change in benefit terms		-		(513,346)		-				
Differences between expected										
and actual experience		(75,010)		(51,628)		-				
Changes in assumptions		-		100,086		-				
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions		(187,835)		(189,456)		(209,484)				
Other changes		1,612		-		-				
Net change in total pension liability		29,759		(346,875)		84,163				
Total pension liability, beginning of year		3,338,689		3,685,564		3,601,401				
Total pension liability, end of year	\$	3,368,448	\$	3,338,689	\$	3,685,564				
Change in plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions – employer	\$	224,085	\$	196,177	\$	159,570				
Contributions – member		20,815		16,464		13,860				
Net investment income		240,789		(83,669)		143,313				
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of member contributions		(187,835)		(189,456)		(209,484)				
Administrative expense		(16,684)		(1,745)		(25,187)				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		281,170		(62,229)		82,072				
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		2,976,754		3,038,983		2,956,911				
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year		3,257,924		2,976,754		3,038,983				
City's net pension liability, end of year	\$	110,524	\$	361,935	\$	646,581				
•										
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the										
total pension liability		96.72%		89.16%		82.46%				
Covered-employee payroll	\$	379,967	\$	392,515	\$	338,096				
City's net pension liability as a percentage of										
covered payroll		29.09%		92.21%		191.24%				

POLICEMAN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,									
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Actuarial determined contributions	\$	202,486	\$	196,675	\$	192,870	\$	146,993	\$	61,796
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	113,610 88,876	\$	256,422 (59,747)	\$	228,621 (35,751)	\$	271,423 (124,430)	\$	249,788 (187,992)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	419,860	\$	418,022	\$	527,337	\$	439,731	\$	476,595
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		27.06%		61.34%		43.35%		61.72%		52.41%

Notes to Schedule

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method Market value adjusted Inflation None noted Salary Increases 3.00% per annum Investment rate of return 6.85% per annum

Retirement age Experience-based table rates specific to the type of eligible condition

Mortality Society of Actuaries' Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for healthy

safety personnel with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2010 under Projection Scale MP-2021 (male and female scales).

Distinct tables are used for employees, retirees, and beneficiaries.

Previous actuarial methods and assumptions:

Benefit Changes:	None	None	None	None	2017
Changes of Assumptions:	2021	2020	2019	None	2017

Above dates are based on fiscal year, which may not necessarily tie to the measurement date

Note that these are employer contributions not employee contributions

2021 - Salary increased changed from 2.50% to 3.00%. Investment rate of return decreased from 7.00% to 6.85%. The Mortality Projection Scale was updated from MP-2020 to MP-2021.

2020 - There is now a 2.50% per annum compounding cost of living adjustment for the new chief. Society of Actuaries' Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortaltiy Tables for healthy safety personnel with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2010 under Projection Scale MP-2020 (male and female scales). Distinct tables are used for employees, retirees, and beneficiaries.

2019 - There is now a per annum non-compounding cost of living adjustment based on seniority level for all participants. Society of Actuaries' Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortaltiy Tables for healthy safety personnel with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2010 under Projection Scale MP-2019 (male and female scales). Distinct tables are used for employees, retirees, and beneficiaries.

2017 - Cost of living adjustment: 2.50% per annum compounding for former chief; 2.50% per annum non-compounding for current chief. Updated mortality tables. Updated salary scale. Proposed Benefit Changes - Ordinance 38.1140h indicates that the System must have a supplemental actuarial analysis performed before to adoption of pension benefit changes.

2015 - Cost of living adjustment

POLICEMAN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Year (Continued)

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,									
		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Actuarial determined contributions	\$	61,796	\$	117,741	\$	117,741	\$	144,720	\$	138,173
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	224,085 (162,289)	\$	196,177 (78,436)	\$	159,570 (41,829)	\$	144,720 -	\$	138,173 -
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	379,967	\$	392,515	\$	338,096	\$	325,213	\$	310,500
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		58.97%		49.98%		47.20%		44.50%		44.50%

Notes to Schedule

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method Market value adjusted Inflation None noted Salary Increases 3.00% per annum Investment rate of return 6.85% per annum

Retirement age Experience-based table rates specific to the type of eligible condition

Mortality Society of Actuaries' Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for healthy

safety personnel with Pre and Post Commencement Rates with projected mortality improvements after year 2010 under Projection Scale MP-2021 (male and female scales).

Distinct tables are used for employees, retirees, and beneficiaries.

Previous actuarial methods and assumptions:

Benefit Changes:	None	2015	None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions:	None	None	None	None	None

Above dates are based on fiscal year, which may not necessarily tie to the measurement date

Note that these are employer contributions not employee contributions

2021 - Salary increased changed from 2.50% to 3.00%. Investment rate of return decreased from 7.00% to 6.85%. The Mortality Projection Scale was updated from MP-2020 to MP-2021.

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2015 - Cost of living adjustment

POLICEMAN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS (Ultimately 10 years will be displayed)

	Annual Money-
Fiscal	Weighted
Year	Rate of Return,
Ended	Net of Investment
December 31,	Expense
2014	4.86%
2015	-2.72%
2016	7.93%
2017	13.63%
2018	-4.41%
2019	18.03%
2020	9.76%
2021	12.17%

CITY OF NEGAUNEE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Ultimately ten years will be displayed)

	Plan Fiscal Year Ending December 31,									
		2021		2020		2019		2018		
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	72,016	\$	115,287	\$	124,403	\$	120,780		
Interest		205,502		370,147		289,054		280,601		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		
Difference between expected and actual experience		(58,158)		(2,802,802)		20,089		-		
Changes of assumptions		(642,959)		1,911,595		1,541,258		-		
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(271,747)		(243,092)		(248, 288)		(234,746)		
Other		-		· -		· -		· -		
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(695,346)		(648,865)		1,726,516		166,635		
Total OPEB Liability, beginning of year		10,711,605		11,360,470		9,633,954		9,467,319		
Total OPEB Liability, end of year	\$	10,016,259	\$	10,711,605	\$	11,360,470	\$	9,633,954		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions-employer	\$	271,747	\$	243,092	\$	248,288	\$	234,746		
Contributions-employee		, -		· -		· -		· -		
Net Investment income		-		-		-		-		
Benefit payments including employee refunds		(271,747)		(243,092)		(248, 288)		(234,746)		
Administrative expense		-		-		-				
Other		-		-		-		-		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		-		-		-		-		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, beginning of year				_		_				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	_		
, , , , , , , ,	Ť		÷		÷		÷			
Employer Net OPEB Liability	\$	10,016,259	\$	10,711,605	\$	11,360,470	\$	9,633,954		
p,,	<u> </u>	,,	_		_	,	_	2,000,00		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the										
Total OPEB Liability		0%		0%		0%		0%		
Total of EB Elability		070		070		070		070		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,115,426	\$	593,400	\$	898,692	\$	1,854,186		
Obvereu Employee i uyron	Ψ	1,110,420	Ψ	000,400	Ψ	000,002	Ψ	1,004,100		
Employer's Net OPEB Liability as a percentage										
of covered employee payroll		898%		1805%		1264%		520%		
or our or or provide payron		00070		100070		120770		02070		
Notes to schedule:										
Benefit Changes:		NONE		NONE		NONE		NONE		
Changes of Assumptions:		2021		2020		2019		NONE		
Changes of Assumptions.		2021		2020		2013		IVOIVL		

Above dates are based on measurement date, which may not necessarily tie to the fiscal year

- 2021 The discount rate was increased from 1.93% to 2.25%.
 - Mortality improvement scale undated from MP-2020 to MP-2021.
- 2020 The discount rate was decreased from 3.26% to 1.93%. The salary scale was decreased from 3.50% to 2.00%.
 - Mortality improvement scale undated from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
 - Trend updated from rates prescribed by Public Act 202 for 2019 and 2020.

2019 - Mortality tables were changed from RPH 2014, adjusted to 2006, Total Data Set, with MP-2018 improvement scale to Public employer mortality tables. Trend tables were changed to utilize trend rates prescribed by PA202 for post-65 costs. Discount rate changed from 3.0% to 3.26%. The marital assumption changed from 75% to 30% to more accurately reflect actual plan experience. Adjustment made to member and spouse benefits from what was valued in 2018 report.

CITY OF NEGAUNEE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31,									
	2021	2020	2019	2018						
Actuarial determined contributions	\$ 3,782,642	\$ 3,194,344	\$ 3,534,030	\$ 2,671,367						
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	271,747 \$ 3,510,895	243,092 \$ 2,951,252	248,288 \$ 3,285,742	234,746 \$ 2,436,621	\$ -					
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,115,426	\$ 593,400	\$ 898,692	\$ 1,854,186						
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	24%	41%	28%	13%						

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal (level percentage of compensation)

Amortization method N/A; plan is not pre-funded Inflation N/A; plan is not pre-funded

Salary Increases 2.00%

Investment rate of return N/A; plan is not pre-funded

20-year Aa Municipal Bond Rate 2.25%

Retirement age 100% at age when eligible for OPEB benefits

Mortality Public General 2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree,
Headcount weighted, with 2021 Mortality Improvement

Previous actuarial methods and assumptions:

Benefit Changes:	None	None	None	None
Changes of Assumptions:	2021	2020	2019	None

Above dates are based on fiscal year, which may not necessarily tie to the measurement date

Note that these are employer contributions not employee contributions

- 2021 The discount rate was increased from 1.93% to 2.25%.
 - Mortality improvement scale undated from MP-2020 to MP-2021.

2020 - The discount rate was decreased from 3.26% to 1.93%. The salary scale was decreased from 3.50% to 2.00%.

- Mortality improvement scale undated from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- Trend updated from rates prescribed by Public Act 202 for 2019 and 2020.

2019 - Mortality tables were changed from RPH 2014, adjusted to 2006, Total Data Set, with MP-2018 improvement scale to Public employer mortality tables. Trend tables were changed to utilize trend rates prescribed by PA202 for post-65 costs. Discount rate changed from 3.0% to 3.26%. The marital assumption changed from 75% to 30% to more accurately reflect actual plan experience. Adjustment made to member and spouse benefits from what was valued in 2018 report.

CITY OF NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The function of the General Fund is to record all revenues and expenditures of the City which are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund receives revenue from many sources which are used to finance a wide range of City activities.

The major activities financed by the General Fund are Public Affairs, Fire and Police Protection, Public Works, Parks and Recreation, City Administration and most public services.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in recording General Fund transactions.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The function of the Special Revenue Funds is to record revenues and expenditures for specific functions or activities within restrictions imposed by City Charter, ordinances, resolutions and/or Federal and State statutes. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in recording Special Revenue Fund transactions. The MAJOR STREET FUND and LOCAL STREET FUND are the only major special revenue fund types.

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Property Taxes: Current levy	\$ 1,893,789	\$ 1,893,789	\$ 1,863,600	\$ (30,189)	
Specific ore tax Payment in lieu of taxes	208,500	208,500	- 210,578	2,078	
Interest and penalties Administrative fees	50,000	50,000	2,938 52,009	2,938 2,009	
Total Property Taxes	2,152,289	2,152,289	2,129,125	(23,164)	
Licenses and Permits	200	200	106	(94)	
Federal Sources		73,850	95,401	21,551	
State Sources:					
State grants	-	4,525	16,597	12,072	
State shared taxes	532,030	532,030	632,382	100,352	
Liquor license refunds Penal fines	6,000 18,000	6,000 18,000	4,273 15,463	(1,727) (2,537)	
Total State Sources	556,030	560,555	668,715	108,160	
Service Charges: Building and equipment rentals Rental inspections Burial permits Burn permits Zoning permits Garbage collection fees Sale of cemetery lots	150,000 1,000 30,000 1,400 4,700 372,892 3,000	147,000 1,000 30,000 1,400 4,700 372,892 3,000	135,573 1,025 54,354 10,882 5,800 371,275 5,159	(11,427) 25 24,354 9,482 1,100 (1,617) 2,159	
Recreation and ice arena sales	14,000	14,000	11,188	(2,812)	
Landfill reimbursement Traffic violations	56,925 10,000	56,925 10,000	74,024 4,209	17,099 (5,791)	
Franchise fee	58,000	58,000	58,391	391	
Total Service Charges	701,917	698,917	731,880	32,963	
Contributions: Contributions from Highway Fund Contributions from private sources	559,000	454,000 16,625	459,063 <u>-</u>	5,063 (16,625)	
Total Contributions	559,000	470,625	459,063	(11,562)	
Other Revenue: Investment income Sale of surplus property Hospitalization insurance reimbursement Insurance refund Miscellaneous	13,000 45,000 35,000 20,000 41,000	13,000 48,745 35,000 20,000 146,000	7,331 3,745 46,411 16,369 115,922	(5,669) (45,000) 11,411 (3,631) (30,078)	
Total Other Revenue	154,000	262,745	189,778	(72,967)	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,123,436	4,219,181	4,274,068	54,887	

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

		Original Final Budget Budget		Actual GAAP Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
EXPENDITURES: LEGISLATIVE: City Council:		•	40.000	•	40.000	Φ.	7.704	Φ.	4.000
Personal services Social security taxes Special services Legislative publications		\$	12,000 920 15,000 9,000	\$	12,000 920 4,500 19,500	\$	7,734 434 - 7,557	\$	4,266 486 4,500 11,943
Conference and travel Building rental Dues and memberships Miscellaneous	S		2,400 - -		2,400		1,800 - -		600
Miccolanocac	Total City Council		39,320		39,320		17,525		21,795
	TOTAL LEGISLATIVE		39,320		39,320		17,525		21,795
GENERAL GOVERNMENT City Manager:	:								
Personal services			60,750		57,650		49,815		7,835
Social security taxes Retirement			4,500 49,500		4,500 49,500		3,761 39,776		739 9,724
Office supplies			4,000		4,000		2,318		1,682
Office equipment			2,000		2,000		12		1,988
Communications			2,000		2,000		1,853		147
Conference and travel			-		1,100		1,004		96
Repairs and maintenan			2,000		4,000		3,961		39
Dues and memberships	s Total City Manager		1,500 126,250		1,500 126,250		1,178 103,678		322 22,572
	Total City Manager		120,230		120,230		103,076		22,312
Elections: Personal services			12,000		15,200		15,214		(14)
Office supplies			3,000		2,500		2,253		247
Communications			2,500		1,300		1,205		95
Printing and publishing			500		500		374		126
Repairs and maintenan	ice		3,000		1,500		-		1,500
Office equipment			1,000		1,000		998		2
	Total Elections		22,000		22,000		20,044		1,956
Assessment of Taxes:									
Personal services			34,000		34,000		34,000		-
Office supplies Communications			1,000		1,000		-		1,000
	otal Assessment of Taxes		35,000		35,000		34,000		1,000
City Attorney: Personal services			50,000		50,000		25,370		24,630
Miscellaneous	Total City Attorney		50,000		50,000		25,370		24,630

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

City Clerk:		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual GAAP Basis	Final Po	nce with Budget ositive gative)
Personal services	\$	20,300	\$	19,850	\$	18,541	\$	1,309
Social security taxes	Ψ	2,500	Ψ	1,500	Ψ	1,432	Ψ	68
Retirement		19,800		19,800		15,810		3,990
Office supplies		2,200		2,200		1,626		574
Audit		10,500		12,900		12,398		502
Communications		4,000		4,250		4,226		24
Conference and travel Repairs and maintenance		500 1,000		500 1,000		190 713		310 287
Miscellaneous		1,950		750		482		268
Total City Cler	k	62,750		62,750		55,418		7,332
Board of Review:								
Personal services		750		750		370		380
Social security taxes		100		100		28		72
Conference and travel Total Board of Reviev	, 	850		850		398		452
							-	
City Treasurer: Personal services		24,400		29,750		29,685		65
Social security taxes		2,000		2,300		2,297		3
Retirement		20,600		20,600		19,064		1,536
Office supplies		1,500		1,500		1,434		66
Special services		5,500		7,025		7,009		16
Communications		1,400		1,775		1,751		24
Conference and travel Repairs and maintenance		2,500 1,000		1,000		- 655		- 345
Dues and memberships		250		250		75		175
Miscellaneous		7,500		3,450		3,299		151
Office equipment		1,000		-		-		-
Total City Treasure	r	67,650		67,650		65,269		2,381
City Building:								
Personal services		47,000		47,450		47,430		20
Social security taxes		3,800		3,550		3,548		2 1 707
Retirement Supplies		19,000 5,000		16,500 4,100		14,713 4,032		1,787 68
Utilities		17,000		14,500		14,413		87
Repairs and maintenance		1,500		7,200		7,159		41
Total City Building	g	93,300		93,300		91,295		2,005
Cemetery:								
Personal services		83,350		81,700		76,018		5,682
Social security taxes		8,300		8,300		5,809		2,491
Retirement		21,800 3,000		21,800		19,104		2,696 745
Operating supplies Communications		1,000		3,600 1,000		2,855 636		745 364
Vehicle expense		9,000		9,000		4,784		4,216
Electricity and water		3,500		4,550		4,533		17
Repairs and maintenance		4,000		4,000		2,216		1,784
Total Cemeter	у	133,950		133,950		115,955		17,995
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMEN	т	591,750		591,750		511,427		80,323

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY:						
Police Department:						
Personal services	\$	562,000	\$ 532,350	\$ 527,640	\$ 4,710	
Social security taxes		41,200	41,200	40,838	362	
Retirement		200,000	229,500	227,821	1,679	
Office supplies		3,100	3,100	2,470	630	
Operating supplies		6,000	6,000	11,175	(5,175)	
Office equipment		3,000	3,000	2,391	609	
Uniforms and accessories		7,000	7,000	6,487	513	
Animal control		1,000	1,000	600	400	
Communications		6,000	6,150	6,112	38	
Vehicle expense		15,000	15,000	3,227	11,773	
Training		1,000	1,000	3,678	(2,678)	
Conference and travel		2,500	2,500	1,134	1,366	
Repairs and maintenance		3,500	3,500	3,080	420	
Dues and memberships		2,000	2,000	939	1,061	
Patrol equipment		2,000	5,745	3,745	2,000	
Crime prevention Miscellaneous		3,000	3,000	2,689	311	
	- crtmont	5,500	5,500	917	4,583	
Total Police Dep	artment	863,800	867,545	844,943	22,602	
Fire Department:						
Personal services		44,000	42,300	41,011	1,289	
Social security taxes		3,400	3,400	3,149	251	
Retirement		300	300	163	137	
Operating supplies		8,800	8,800	9,571	(771)	
Physical exams and tests		1,500	1,500	1,410	90	
Communications		2,000	2,000	1,688	312	
Vehicle expense		4,300	4,300	2,648	1,652	
Conference and travel		3,000	3,000	2,833	167	
Utilities		7,000	7,450	7,447	3	
Repairs and maintenance		9,000	9,050	9,032	18	
Dues and memberships		200	150	125	25	
Miscellaneous		1,000	1,000	924	76	
Total Fire Dep	artment	84,500	83,250	80,001	3,249	
TOTAL PUBLIC HEALTH AND S	SAFETY	948,300	950,795	924,944	25,851	
PUBLIC WORKS:						
Streets, Highways and Alleys: Special services						
Operating supplies		30,000	30,000	- 16,431	13,569	
Total Streets, Highways an	d Alleve	30,000	30,000	16,431	13,569	
Total Streets, Flighways an	u Alleys	30,000	30,000	10,431	13,309	
Bridges and Culverts:						
Special services		2,000	3,200	3,125	75	
Total Bridges and	Culverts	2,000	3,200	3,125	75	
Traffic Control:						
Special services		2,000	2,000	120	1,880	
Operating supplies		3,000	3,000	2,490	510	
Total Traffic	Control —	5,000	5,000	2,610	2,390	
Total Traine		3,000	0,000	2,010	2,000	

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Snow Removal and Ice Control:				
Personal services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special services	2,000	2,000	- 22.762	2,000 21,238
Operating supplies Total Snow Removal and Ice Control	45,000 47,000	45,000 47,000	23,762 23,762	23,238
Total officer Romoval and 100 Control	17,000	17,000	20,702	20,200
County Sanitary Landfill:				
Special services	364,550	399,800	399,775	25
Total County Sanitary Landfill	364,550	399,800	399,775	25
Engineering Services:				
Purchased services	20,000	20,200	20,197	3
Total Engineering Services	20,000	20,200	20,197	3
	,	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Garage and Equipment:				
Personal services	392,500	387,450	319,128	68,322
Social security taxes	30,100	30,100	24,327	5,773
Retirement Office supplies	176,700	176,700 2,000	173,374	3,326 626
Onice supplies Operating supplies	2,000 18,000	2,000 18,350	1,374 13,399	4,951
Uniforms and accessories	3,380	3,380	3,691	(311)
Communications	3,000	3,900	3,841	59
Vehicle expense	111,000	111,000	92,513	18,487
Conference and travel	-	-	-	-
Utilities	24,000	24,000	18,630	5,370
Repairs and maintenance	5,000	5,000	3,088	1,912
Total Garage and Equipment	765,680	761,880	653,365	108,515
Curb, Gutter and Sidewalk Maintenance:				
Personal services	_	-	-	_
Social security taxes	-	-	-	-
Retirement	-	-	-	-
Special services	-	-	-	-
Operating supplies				
Total Curb, Gutter and Sidewalk Maintenance				
Ctus at Limbting.				
Street Lighting: Purchased services	25,000	26,900	26,856	44
Total Street Lighting	25,000	26,900	26,856	44
Total Otroot Eighting	20,000	20,000	20,000	
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS	1,259,230	1,293,980	1,146,121	147,859
COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT:				
Planning & Zoning:				
Personal services	47,000	48,600	47,100	1,500
Social security taxes	3,600	3,600	3,587	13
Retirement	1,880	1,880	-	1,880
Supplies	21,000	19,400	17,893	1,507
Total Planning & Zoning	73,480	73,480	68,580	4,900
TOTAL COMMUNITY AND				
TOTAL COMMUNITY AND	70 400	70 400	60 500	4 000
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	73,480	73,480	68,580	4,900

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget			Actual GAAP Basis		Fina F	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
RECREATION AND CULTURE:							
Parks and Recreation:							
Personal services	\$ 120,200	\$	121,555	\$	109,481	\$	12,074
Social security taxes	9,300		9,775		8,309		1,466
Retirement	32,450		33,885		28,822		5,063
Supplies	10,500		7,030		11,987		(4,957)
Special services	19,950		30,375		26,559		3,816
Utilities	43,500		47,200		46,395		805
Repairs and maintenance Miscellaneous	29,000 425		31,850 425		23,348		8,502
Total Parks and Recreation	 265,325		282,095		2,808 257,709		(2,383) 24,386
Total Parks and Recreation	 200,320		202,093		257,709		24,300
Library:							
Personal services	53,050		54,750		51,292		3,458
Social security taxes	4,100		4,100		3,912		188
Retirement	1,000		1,000		911		89
Office supplies	1,000		1,000		936		64
Communications	12,000		10,300		9,949		351
Electricity and water	1,980		1,980		1,980		-
Conferences and travel	100		100		-		100
Dues and memberships	1,200		1,200		732		468
Books, magazines and periodicals	6,000		6,000		5,984		16
Miscellaneous	 1,000		1,000		879		121
Total Library	 81,430		81,430		76,575		4,855
Charial Events							
Special Events: Personal services	2,000		6,735		6,727		8
Social security taxes	600		5,735 515		515		-
Retirement	500		1,950		1,950		_
Operating supplies	1,500		1,825		1,817		8
Special services	4,000		4,475		4,470		5
Total Special Events	 8,600		15,500		15,479		21
TOTAL RECREATION AND CULTURE	355,355		379,025		349,763		29,262
TO THE REGREATION AND GOLFORE	 000,000		070,020		010,700		20,202
OTHER GOVERNMENTAL:							
Group life and hospitalization insurance	596,500		640,650		621,739		18,911
Workmen's compensation insurance	25,000		21,400		21,297		103
Longevity and separation pay	5,000		-		-		-
Fire, liability and other insurance	36,000		40,150		40,121		29
Easements and leases	800		825		815		10
Bad debt expense	-		-		-		-
Contribution - senior citizen	33,000		33,000		33,000		-
Miscellaneous	 16,000		94,275		94,890		(615)
TOTAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL	 712,300		830,300		811,862		18,438
DEDT SERVICE.							
DEBT SERVICE: Principal payments							
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		- -		-
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	 						
TOTAL DEDT OF VIOL	 						

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CARITAL CUITLAY	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
CAPITAL OUTLAY: City building	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Police department	11,000	11.000	10,999	φ - 1
Fire department	-	1,250	1.250	
Garage and equipment	7,000	10,800	10,764	36
Parks and Recreation	34,754	38,839	38,056	783
Cemetery	4,900	4,900	4,866	34
Senior center	, <u> </u>	, -	· -	-
Library	770	770	731	39
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	58,424	67,559	66,666	893
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,038,159	4,226,209	3,896,888	329,321
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	85,277	(7,028)	377,180	384,208
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from borrowing	-	-	_	_
Transfers in Transfers (out)	107,282 (192,305)	107,282 (100,000)	105,330 (100,000)	(1,952)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(85,023)	7,282	5,330	(1,952)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	254	254	382,510	382,256
Fund balance, beginning of year	777,931	777,931	777,931	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 778,185	\$ 778,185	\$ 1,160,441	\$ 382,256

MAJOR STREET FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

DEVENUE O		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Federal sources		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State sources:		φ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -
Motor vehicle highway	gas and weight tax	510,000	513,605	597,638	84,033
Highway maintenance		75,000	75,000	58,613	(16,387)
Investment income		15,020	15,020	2,273	(12,747)
Other revenues				80,290	80,290
	TOTAL REVENUES	600,020	603,625	738,814	135,189
EXPENDITURES: MAJOR STREET: Administration, Engine Personal services	eering and Records:	11,000	11,000	10,647	353
Street Maintenance: Contracted services					
Routine Maintenance:					
Personal services		40,500	40,500	14,314	26,186
Social security		3,100	3,100	1,095	2,005
Retirement		20,000	20,000	5,635	14,365
Supplies		15,000	15,000	4,551	10,449
Equipment rental		35,000	35,000	22,999	12,001
	Total Routine Maintenance	113,600	113,600	48,594	65,006
Traffic Signs and Pave	ement Markings:				
Personal services	smerit warkings.	5,400	5,400	2,783	2,617
Social security		425	425	162	263
Retirement		3,000	3,000	900	2,100
Supplies		1,500	1,500	603	897
Equipment rental		1,500	1,500	692	808
Total Traffic Si	gns and Pavement Markings	11,825	11,825	5,140	6,685
Winter Maintenance:					
Personal services		68,000	68,000	37,606	30,394
Social security		5,200	5,200	2,635	2,565
Retirement		30,600	30,600	13,544	17,056
Supplies		30,500	30,500	22,462	8,038
Equipment rental		170,000	170,000	107,554	62,446
	Total Winter Maintenance	304,300	304,300	183,801	120,499
Employee benefits		77,000	70,950	36,979	33,971
	TOTAL MAJOR STREET	517,725	511,675	285,161	226,514
TRUNKLINE:					
Administration, Engine	eering and Records:				
Personal services	3	8,200	8,200	8,032	168
	on, Engineering and Records	8,200	8,200	8,032	168

MAJOR STREET FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Routine Maintenance:		Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Personal services Social security Retirement Supplies Equipment rental		\$	6,400 500 2,900 2,000 4,000	\$	6,400 500 2,900 2,000 4,000	\$	814 62 361 - 1,999	\$	5,586 438 2,539 2,000 2,001	
	Total Routine Maintenance		15,800		15,800		3,236		12,564	
Winter Maintenance: Personal services Social security Retirement Supplies Equipment rental			12,200 1,000 5,500 10,000 25,000		12,200 1,000 5,500 10,000 25,000		9,502 696 3,678 6,462 24,481		2,698 304 1,822 3,538 519	
Equipment rental	Total Winter Maintenance		53,700	-	53,700		44,819		8,881	
Employee benefits			8,200		14,250		14,201		49	
	TOTAL TRUNKLINE		85,900		91,950		70,288		21,662	
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		603,625		603,625		355,449		248,176	
EXC	ESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,605)				383,365		383,365	
OTHER FINANCING SOU Transfers in Transfers (out)	RCES (USES):		- 3,605		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINA	ANCING SOURCES (USES)		3,605						<u>-</u>	
CH	IANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		383,365		383,365	
Fund balance, beginning of	f year		363,087		363,087		363,087			
FUND	BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	363,087	\$	363,087	\$	746,452	\$	383,365	

LOCAL STREET FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

REVENUES:		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
State sources:					
State grants		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,233	\$ 21,233
Motor vehicle highway	gas and weight tax	260,000	260,000	295,546	35,546
Investment Income		1,800	1,800	546	(1,254)
	TOTAL REVENUES	261,800	261,800	317,325	55,525
EXPENDITURES: Administration, Engine Personal services	ering and Records:	14,300	12,300	11,448	852
Dautina Maintananas					
Routine Maintenance:		E0 000	E0 000	07 40 4	04.700
Personal services		52,200	52,200	27,404	24,796
Social security		4,000	4,000	2,122	1,878
Retirement		23,500	23,500	11,235	12,265
Supplies		15,000	19,000	18,953	47
Equipment rental Contracted services		60,000	42,300	40,418 -	1,882 -
	Total Routine Maintenance	154,700	141,000	100,132	40,868
Traffic Signs and Pave	ement Markings:				
Personal services		4,900	4,900	4,474	426
Social security		400	400	342	58
Retirement		2,200	2,200	1,864	336
Supplies		1,500	1,500	203	1,297
Equipment rental		1,000	1,000	722	278
	gns and Pavement Markings	10,000	10,000	7,605	2,395
•	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Winter Maintenance:					
Personal services		51,700	31,700	30,487	1,213
Social security		4,000	4,000	2,170	1,830
Retirement		23,300	23,300	10,347	12,953
Supplies		15,500	15,500	12,751	2,749
Equipment rental		100,000	80,000	79,221	779
Equipment rental	Total Winter Maintenance	194,500	154,500	134,976	19,524
	Total Willer Mailiteriance	194,500	134,300	104,970	13,324
Employee benefits		77,000	44,000	43,912	88
			,000	,	
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	450,500	361,800	298,073	63,727
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EXCI	ESS OF REVENUES OVER				
	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(188,700)	(100,000)	19,252	119,252
OTHER FINANCING SOUI	RCES (USES):				
Transfers in	, ,	188,700	100,000	100,000	-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL OTHER FINA	ANCING SOURCES (USES)	188,700	100,000	100,000	-
	- ()				
СН	ANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	119,252	119,252
_	_			•	•
Fund balance, beginning of	f vear	106,190	106,190	106,190	-
	•				
FUND	BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 106,190	\$ 106,190	\$ 225,442	\$ 119,252
	,				

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

CITY OF NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The function of the Special Revenue Funds is to record revenues and expenditures for specific functions or activities within restrictions imposed by City Charter, ordinances, resolutions and/or Federal and State statutes. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in recording Special Revenue Fund transactions. The STREET MILLAGE FUND, LIBRARY STATE AID FUND, SENIOR CENTER FUND, LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND, CRIME PREVENTION FUND, CITY IMPROVEMENT FUND, SALVAGE INSPECTION FUND, DRUG FORFEITURE FUND, and PARKS BEAUTIFICATION FUND are non-major special revenue fund types.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The function of the Capital Projects Funds is to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type funds). The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in recording Capital Projects Fund transactions. The BUILDING IMPROVEMENT FUND, PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND, and EQUIPMENT FUND is a non-major capital projects fund type.

PERMANENT FUNDS

The function of Permanent Funds is to account for funds where only the interest earnings may be used. The principal cannot be spent. The accrual basis of accounting is used in recording Permanent Fund transactions. The CEMETERY TRUST FUND is a permanent fund type.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2021

				P:	ermanent Funds		
	_	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds		Cemetery Trust Fund		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 768,208	\$ 278,493	\$	104,200	\$	1,150,901
Accounts receivable Tax receivable Due from other funds	_	316,870 -	 160,019 -		- - -		476,889 -
TOTAL AS	SETS _	1,085,078	 438,512		104,200		1,627,790
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	-	 				
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFER OUTFLOWS OF RESOU		\$ 1,085,078	\$ 438,512	\$	\$ 104,200		1,627,790
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries	_	\$ 7,656 6,082	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	7,656 6,082
TOTAL LIABIL	LITIES _	13,738	 				13,738
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes levied for a subsequent period	_	316,870	 160,019				476,889
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES _	316,870	 160,019				476,889
FUND BALANCE Non-spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	_	577,360 5,000 172,110	 - - - 278,493 -		115,935 (11,735) - - -		115,935 565,625 5,000 450,603
TOTAL FUND BAL	ANCE _	754,470	 278,493		104,200		1,137,163
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFL OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BAL		\$ 1,085,078	\$ 438,512	\$	104,200	\$	1,627,790

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

			Permanent Fund	
	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Cemetery Trust Fund	Total
REVENUES:	- T dilac	1 41140	1 4114	10101
Federal sources	\$ 2,621	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,621
State sources	6,640	-	-	6,640
Property taxes	312,874	157,367	-	470,241
Contributions - other	275,061	=	2,211	277,272
Investment income	526	-	422	948
Other revenue	67,621	<u> </u>		67,621
TOTAL REVENUES	665,343	157,367	2,633	825,343
EXPENDITURES:				
Current Operations:				
Public works	50,977	-	30,150	81,127
Public health and safety	5,350	-	· -	5,350
Parks and recreation	12,457	-	-	12,457
Senior center	340,891	-	-	340,891
Capital outlay	-	52,929	-	52,929
Debt service	-	172,365	-	172,365
Other Governmental:				
Community development	61,907	<u> </u>		61,907
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	471,582	225,294	30,150	727,026
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	193,761	(67,927)	(27,517)	98,317
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from borrowing	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	50,000	-	-	50,000
Transfers (out)	(105,330)			(105,330)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(55,330)			(55,330)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	138,431	(67,927)	(27,517)	42,987
Fund balance, beginning of year	616,039	346,420	131,717	1,094,176
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 754,470	\$ 278,493	\$ 104,200	\$ 1,137,163

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2021

	Street Millage Fund		Library State Aid Fund		Senior Center Fund		Law Enforcement Fund		Crime Prevention Fund	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 416,475	\$	14,300	\$	129,648	\$	13	\$	2,013	
Taxes receivable Due from other funds	 210,197		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS	 626,672		14,300		129,648		13		2,013	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 									
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 626,672	\$	14,300	\$	129,648	\$	13	\$	2,013	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries	\$ 2,885 -	\$	622 -	\$	3,066 6,082	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,885		622		9,148					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes levied for a subsequent period	 210,197								<u>-</u>	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 210,197									
FUND BALANCE Non-spendable										
Restricted	413,590		13,678		120,500		-		-	
Committed Assigned Unassigned	 - -		- - -		- -		13		2,013	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 413,590		13,678		120,500		13		2,013	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 626,672	\$	14,300	\$	129,648	\$	13	\$	2,013	

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

December 31, 2021

	City Salvage Improvement Inspection Fund Fund		pection	Drug Forfeiture Fund		Parks Beautification Fund		Total		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	158,338	\$	5,150	\$	362	\$	41,909	\$	768,208
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Due from other funds		- - -		- -		- - -		106,673		316,870 -
TOTAL ASSETS		158,338		5,150		362		148,582	_	1,085,078
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										<u>-</u> _
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	158,338	\$	5,150	\$	362	\$	148,582	\$	1,085,078
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries	\$	1,083 -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	7,656 6,082
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,083								13,738
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes levied for a subsequent period								106,673		316,870
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								106,673		316,870
FUND BALANCE										
Non-spendable Restricted		-		-		-		29,592		577,360
Committed Assigned		5,000 152,255		- 5,150		- 362		12,317		5,000 172,110
Unassigned Unassigned		152,255		5,150		-		12,317		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		157,255		5,150		362		41,909		754,470
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	158,338	\$	5,150	\$	362	\$	148,582	\$	1,085,078

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Street Millage Fund	Library State Aid Fund			Senior Center Fund		Law Enforcement Fund		Crime vention Fund
REVENUES:	•			_		_		_	
Federal sources	\$ -	\$	2,621	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State sources	-		6,640		-		-		-
Contributions - other	-		946		271,615		-		-
Taxes	207,545		-		-		-		-
Investment income	-		57		469		-		-
Other revenues					53,661				
TOTAL REVENUES	207,545		10,264		325,745				-
EXPENDITURES:									
Current Operations:									
Public works	50,977		_		_		_		_
Public health and safety	30,911						5,350		
Parks and recreation	_		8,366		_		5,550		_
Senior center	_		0,000		340,891		_		_
Other Governmental:					340,031				
Community development	_		_		_		_		_
Community development									_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	50,977		8,366		340,891		5,350		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	156,568		1,898		(15,146)		(5,350)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:									
Transfers in	_		_		_		_		_
Transfers (out)	_		_		_		_		_
							_		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	156,568		1,898		(15,146)		(5,350)		-
Fund balance, beginning of year	257,022		11,780		135,646		5,363		2,013
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 413,590	\$	13,678	\$	120,500	\$	13	\$	2,013

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (Continued)

	City Improvement Fund	Salvage Inspection Fund	Drug Forfeiture Fund	Parks Beautification Fund	Total
REVENUES:					
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,621
State sources	-	-	-	-	6,640
Contributions - other	-	-	-	2,500	275,061
Taxes	-	-	-	105,329	312,874 526
Investment income Other revenues	12,660	1,300	-	-	
Other revenues	12,000	1,300			67,621
TOTAL REVENUES	12,660	1,300		107,829	665,343
EXPENDITURES:					
Current Operations:					
Public works	_	_	_	_	50,977
Public health and safety	_	_	_	_	5,350
Parks and recreation	_	_	_	4,091	12,457
Senior center	-	-	-	-	340,891
Other Governmental:					,
Community development	58,450	3,457			61,907
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	58,450	3,457		4,091	471,582
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(45,790)	(2,157)		103,738	193,761
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in	50,000		_		50,000
Transfers (out)	30,000	_	_	(105,330)	(105,330)
Transitio (out)		·		(100,000)	(100,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	50,000			(105,330)	(55,330)
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	4,210	(2,157)	-	(1,592)	138,431
Fund balance, beginning of year	153,045	7,307	362	43,501	616,039
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 157,255	\$ 5,150	\$ 362	\$ 41,909	\$ 754,470

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2021

		Building Improvement Fund		Capital Projects Park Improvement Fund		Equipment Fund		Total	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	35,825	\$	4,970	\$	237,698	\$	278,493	
Tax receivable Due from other funds		<u>-</u>		- -		160,019		160,019	
TOTAL ASSETS		35,825		4,970		397,717		438,512	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	35,825	\$	4,970	\$	397,717	\$	438,512	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>-</u> _							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes levied for a subsequent period						160,019		160,019	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						160,019		160,019	
FUND BALANCE Non-spendable Restricted Committed		- -		- -		-		- -	
Assigned Unassigned		35,825 -		4,970 -		237,698		278,493 -	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		35,825		4,970		237,698		278,493	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	35,825	\$	4,970	\$	397,717	\$	438,512	

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

		Capital Projects		
DEVENUEO.	Building Improvement Fund	Park Improvement Fund	Equipment Fund	Total
REVENUES: State sources Property taxes Contributions - other	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 157,367	\$ - 157,367
Investment income Other revenue				
TOTAL REVENUES			157,367	157,367
EXPENDITURES: Current Operations: Public works	_	_		
Public health and safety	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation Library	-	-	-	-
Senior center	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay Debt service Other Governmental:	-	-	52,929 172,365	52,929 172,365
Community development				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			225,294	225,294
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>	(67,927)	(67,927)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from borrowing	-	-	-	-
Transfers in Transfers (out)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(67,927)	(67,927)
Fund balance, beginning of year	35,825	4,970	305,625	346,420
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 35,825	\$ 4,970	\$ 237,698	\$ 278,493

CITY OF NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The function of the Enterprise Funds is to record the financing, acquisition, operation and maintenance of City activities that are predominantly self-supporting from user charges. The accrual basis of accounting is used in recording Enterprise Fund transactions.

The major Enterprise Funds of the City are the SEWER FUND, ELECTRIC FUND, and WATER FUND.

SEWER FUND to account for the management of the sanitary sewer operation and booster station related activities including billing, maintenance, and construction.

ELECTRIC FUND to account for the management of electric transmission and distribution related activities including billing, maintenance, and construction.

WATER FUND to account for the management of water treatment and distribution related activities including billing, maintenance, and construction.

SEWER FUND

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Allowance for uncollectible accounts Non-current Assets: Restricted cash Capital Assets: Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	Total Capital Assets	\$ 983,157 119,802 (3,300) 1,484,763 219,908 8,778,935 8,998,843
	TOTAL ASSETS	 11,583,265
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refunding Deferred outflows related to OPEB		111,429
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pension Employer pension contributions subsequent	t to measurement date	 43,606
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFL	OWS OF RESOURCES	 155,035
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued interest Accrued salaries Non-current Liabilities: Portion due or payable within one year Bonds payable Compensated absences Portion due or payable after one year Bonds payable Compensated absences Portion due or payable after one year Bonds payable Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	TOTAL LIABILITIES	 41,847 22,263 4,086 212,000 - 3,841,000 6,932 1,802,927 447,335 6,378,390
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension		 61,989
TOTAL DEFERRED INFL	OWS OF RESOURCES	 61,989
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital improvement Debt service Unrestricted		 5,057,272 816,932 777,803 (1,354,086)
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,297,921

SEWER FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

OPERATING REVENUES:		
Sewer permits and revenues	\$	1,446,040
Municipal departments	·	19,780
Other operating revenues		31,924
		,
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		1,497,744
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Customer accounting and collection		52,909
Administrative and general		565,607
Sewage, sanitary and storm sewers		263,335
Wastewater treatment plan		928
Provision for depreciation		321,184
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,203,963
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		293,781
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income		6,277
Penalties on delinquent accounts		8,502
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets		-
Interest expense on bonds		(94,252)
		(- , -)
TOTAL NONOPERATING (EXPENSES)		(79,473)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL		
CONTRIBUTION AND TRANSFERS		214,308
Capital Contribution:		
Federal		_
Non-federal		_
Transfers in		_
Transfers (out)		_
Transfer (early		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		214,308
Net position, beginning of year		5,083,613
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	¢	5 207 021
NET POSITION, END OF TEAR	_\$_	5,297,921

SEWER FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net cash received from fees and charges for services Other operating revenues Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 1,532,298 31,924 (267,171) (723,870)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	573,181
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payments (to)/from other funds (Increase)/decrease in due to other funds NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>:</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from borrowing Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital contributions received Principal payment on long-term bonds Interest paid on long-term bonds Penalties on delinquent accounts NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(145,952) - (65,000) (75,681) 8,502 (278,131)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income	6,277
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	6,277
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	301,327
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,166,593
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,467,920
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS PER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$ 983,157 1,484,763 \$ 2,467,920
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll liabilities Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability and related Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related	\$ 293,781 321,184 66,478 7,295 (460) 3,133 (125,162) 6,932 279,400
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 573,181

ELECTRIC FUND

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Allowance for uncollectible accounts Due from other governmental units Prepaid expense Non-current Assets: Restricted cash Investment in UPPPA Electric Utility Capital Assets: Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total Capital Assets TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,779,614 241,300 (9,700) 172,000 14,250 700,000 338,079 20,404 986,579 1,006,983 5,242,526
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pension Employer pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	102,728
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	102,728
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries Customer deposits payable Non-current Liabilities: Portion due or payable within one year Notes payable Compensated absences Portion due or payable after one year Notes payable Compensated absences Notes payable Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	245,221 13,618 394,345 21,559 - 55,106 20,546 1,802,927 1,371,507 3,924,829
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension	112,120
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	112,120
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital improvement Unrestricted	930,318 700,000 (322,013)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,308,305

ELECTRIC FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

OPERATING REVENUES:		
Electric charges		\$ 3,332,274
Pole line rental		20,448
Other operating revenues		28,153
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	3,380,875
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Transmission and distribution		656,646
Customer accounting and collect	ction	116,626
Administrative and general		387,512
Services purchased		2,083,294
Provision for depreciation		110,372
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,354,450
	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	26,425
NONOPERATING REVENUES (F	EXPENSES):	
Interest income	-XI I	52,476
Penalties on delinquent account	ts	39,247
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed asse	ets	-
Interest expense on notes		(4,886)
TOTAL	L NONOPERATING (EXPENSES)	86,837
INCOM	E (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	113,262
Capital Contribution:		
Federal		_
Non-federal		11,702
Transfers in		-
Transfers (out)		(50,000)
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	74,964
Net position, beginning of year		1,233,341
	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,308,305
	,	. , -,

ELECTRIC FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net cash received from fees and charges for services	\$ 3,381,288
Other operating revenues	28,153
Cash payments to employees for services	(473,066)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,853,003)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	83,372
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Payments (to) from other funds	(50,000)
(Increase) in due to other funds NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY	
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(50,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Proceeds from borrowing	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(83,305)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital assets transfers from other funds	-
Capital contributions received	11,702
Principal payment on notes payable	(20,418)
Interest and tax expense	(4,886)
Penalties on delinquent accounts	39,247
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(57,660)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: (Increase) decrease in investment in UPPPA electric utility	
Investment income	52,476
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	52,476
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	28,188
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,451,426
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,479,614
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,779,614
Restricted cash	700,000
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
PER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$ 3,479,614
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 26,425
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities: Depreciation	110,372
Change in assets and liabilities:	110,072
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net	28,566
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	(14,250)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities	23,471 6,898
Increase (decrease) in payroli liabilities Increase (decrease) in customer deposits payable	11,550
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability and related	(125,162)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related	15,502
NET ADJUSTMENTS	56,947
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 83,372

WATER FUND

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Allowance for uncollectible accounts Grants receivable Non-current Assets: Restricted cash Investment in Joint Water Authority Capital Assets: Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	Total Capital Assets	\$ 1,218,017 106,755 (4,300) - 1,169,604 543,875 494,715 5,512,144 6,006,859
	TOTAL ASSETS	 9,040,810
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pension Employer pension contributions subsequent	to measurement date	 50,992 -
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLO	WS OF RESOURCES	 50,992
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued liabilities Accrued salaries Non-current Liabilities: Portion due or payable within one year Bonds payable Compensated absences Portion due or payable after one year Bonds payable Compensated absences Portion due or payable after one year Bonds payable Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension liability		57,217 - 10,185 2,817 81,000 - 1,277,000 9,104 400,650 638,148
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,476,121
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension TOTAL DEFERRED INFLO NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Postricted for:	WS OF RESOURCES	 63,614 63,614 4,648,859
Restricted for: Capital improvement Debt service Unrestricted		 879,849 136,698 886,661
т	OTAL NET POSITION	\$ 6,552,067

WATER FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

OPERATING REVENUES:		
Water charges	\$	1,286,182
Municipal departments		32,739
Tapping permits		-
Other operating revenues		63,389
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		1,382,310
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Power and pumping		3,095
Transmission and distribution		305,681
Customer accounting and collection		54,159
Administrative and general		540,342
Water meters		11,208
Provision for depreciation		305,591
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,220,076
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		162,234
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income		10,115
Penalties on delinquent accounts		7,131
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets		-
Interest expense on bonds		(28,303)
TOTAL NONOPERATING (EXPENSES)		(11,057)
INCOME (LOSS) PETODE		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION		151,177
Capital Contribution:		
Federal		_
Non-federal		23,115
Transfers in		-
Transfers (out)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		174,292
Net position, beginning of year		6,377,775
•	_	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	_\$_	6,552,067

WATER FUND

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net cash received from fees and charges for services Other operating revenues Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 1,325,239 63,389 (214,982) (716,812)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	456,834
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payments from/(to) other funds Increase/(decrease) in due to other funds NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>-</u> -
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from borrowing Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net book value of assets disposed of Capital contributions received Principal payment on long-term bonds Interest paid on long-term bonds Penalties on delinquent accounts NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(252,107) - 23,115 (78,000) (28,303) 7,131 (328,164)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income	10,115
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	10,115
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	138,785
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,248,836
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,387,621
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS PER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$ 1,218,017 1,169,604 \$ 2,387,621
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable, net Decrease (increase) in grants receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll liabilities Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability and related Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related	\$ 162,234 305,591 6,318 - 5,550 (2,260) (815) (27,814) 8,030 294,600
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 456,834

COMPLIANCE SECTION



102 W. Washington St. Suite 109 Marquette, MI 49855 (906) 225-1166 www.atcomgt.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Negaunee, Michigan P.O. Box 70 Negaunee, Michigan 49866

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Negaunee, Michigan (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Negaunee Housing Commission, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not

City Council of the City of Negaunee, Michigan

identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Report to Management that we consider to be significant deficiencies (items 2021-001 and 2021-002).

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

June 29, 2022

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

City of Negaunee, Michigan Report to Management For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

To the City Council and Management of the City of Negaunee, Michigan P.O. Box 70 Negaunee, Michigan 49866

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Negaunee, Michigan (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies in internal control to be significant deficiencies:

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

<u>2021-001 ASSIST IN PREPARING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FOOTNOTES (REPEAT)</u> Condition/Criteria: Statement on Auditing Standards #115 requires us to communicate in writing when a client requires assistance to prepare the financial statements and footnotes required in City Council of the City of Negaunee, Michigan

the annual audit report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cause of the Condition: The staff of the City does not have adequate time to prepare all the information included in the annual financial statements. Therefore, we assisted in preparing the financial statements and related footnotes.

Effect: We assisted management with the external financial reporting responsibility to ensure their financial statements are in accordance with GAAP.

Recommendation: We do not recommend any changes to this situation at this time and communicate this as required by professional standards.

Managements Response – Corrective Action Plan:

- Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction:
 - Not applicable
- Corrective Action Planned:
 - See separate Corrective Action Plan
- Anticipated Completion Date:
 - Not applicable

2021-002 ACT 345 CONTRIBUTIONS

Condition/Criteria: The City did not remit employee or employer contributions to the Act 345 Police Pension Plan for the last six months of fiscal year 2021 until early in 2022. In addition, some contributions were not calculated correctly.

Cause of the Condition: Special pays were not properly accounted for, especially for employees who left City employment during the fiscal year. Their final pay checks were not being coded properly in payroll. Lack of internal control for timely contributions to the plan. Lack of reconciliation function to ensure contributions are properly calculated.

Effect: The City did not make their annual required contributions to the pension plan timely, as a result there was a payable of \$116,087 to the pension plan as of December 31, 2021. Also, the amount of the required contributions to the pension plan were calculated incorrectly.

Recommendation: The City needs to implement better internal control and reconciliation functions in order to make contributions timely and properly calculate required contribution amounts based on all eligible pay classifications.

Managements Response - Corrective Action Plan:

- Contact Person(s) Responsible for Correction:
 - City Clerk
- Corrective Action Planned:
 - See separate Corrective Action Plan
- Anticipated Completion Date:
 - o December 31, 2022

The City's written response to the significant deficiencies in our audit, as enumerated upon in the attached Corrective Action Plan, has not been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

City Council of the City of Negaunee, Michigan

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

June 29, 2022



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City of Negaunee, Michigan

Communication with Those Charged with Governance For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

June 29, 2022

To the City Council of the City of Negaunee, Michigan P.O. Box 70 Negaunee, Michigan 49866

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Negaunee, Michigan (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated April 14, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in the notes to the financial statements. Newly adopted GASB standards are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the City's financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts is based on historical charges for service revenues, historical loss levels, and an analysis of the collectability of individual accounts. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions

used to develop the allowance in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense is based on historical costs and useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the current years depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the accrued sick and vacation is based on employee pay rates and the various subsidiary ledgers maintained for hour balances. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the accrued employee benefit balances in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the City's portion of Net Pension Liability (under GASB 67) for the Police Retirement System is based on an actuarial performed for the City of Negaunee Police Retirement System Defined Benefit Retirement Plan to determine the City's Net Pension Liability. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the City's Net Pension Liability, based on information provided by Findley, in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of Net Pension Liability is based on an actuarial performed for the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan to determine its liability. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the City's Net Pension Liability, based on information provided by the CBIZ Retirement Plan Services, in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of Net OPEB Liability is based on an actuarial performed for the City of Negaunee Retiree Health Plan to determine its liability. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the City's Net OPEB Liability, based on information provided by Watkins Ross, in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosure of Defined Benefit Retirement Plan in the notes to the financial statements includes significant actuarial assumptions used in calculating the valuation. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan was responsible for preparation of the annual actuarial valuation. The disclosures made in the notes were based on information included their report.

The disclosure of the Police Retirement System Defined Benefit Retirement Plan in the notes to the financial statements includes significant actuarial assumptions used in calculating the valuation. USI Consulting Group was the actuarial company

hired for preparation of the annual actuarial valuation. The disclosures made in the notes were based on information included their report.

The disclosure of Other Post-Employment Benefits in the notes to the financial statements includes significant actuarial assumptions used in the calculating the valuation. Watkins Ross was the actuarial company hired for preparation of the actuarial valuation. The disclosures made in the notes were based on information included their report.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 29, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

City Council of the City of Negaunee, Michigan

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in a separate letter and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Report to Management that we consider to be a significant deficiency (items 2021-001 and 2021-002).

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) identified in the table of contents, which is RSI that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on other financial information, as listed in the table of contents, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the other financial information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of the City of Negaunee, Michigan and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants



CITY OF NEGAUNEE

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Corrective Action Plan
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

June 29, 2022

In response to the findings disclosed in the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021:

2021-001 ASSIST IN PREPARING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FOOTNOTES (REPEAT) Corrective Action Plan:

The City has evaluated the possibility of preparing the financial statements and has concluded that currently the City staff does not have sufficient time and/or personnel available to prepare the financial statements and footnotes. Management is involved with preparing the Management's Discussion and Analysis. Additionally, management reviews and approves the financial statements prepared by Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC prior to issuance and submission to the Michigan Department of Treasury. We do not foresee the need for any changes to this procedure at this time.

2021-002 – ACT 345 CONTRIBUTIONS

Corrective Action Plan:

The City staff will work with each other to ensure contributions are made timely. The City Clerk has been in contact with the software company to find out why final paychecks are coded differently. The City Clerk will also complete a reconciliation of eligible and ineligible wages.